

Form 83

B1404. M.711686/7052. S/61. 20M. H. E. & S. Gp.862

HISTORICAL

PF

600,513

"FILE CLOSED"

VOLUME 5

L I N D E M A N S, C H R I S T I A N

10124

See Also

SUPP. VOL. FOR PAPERS CONCERNING LEAKAGE
OF INFORMATION TO THE PRESS RE.

LINDEM

Officer
or
Serial No.

Section

Date



PF600513/V5

Officer
or
Serial No.

Section

Date

SEE ALSO LIST INSIDE COVER

HISTORICAL

Serial No.

Star
Designation

Date

Serial No.

Star
Designation

Date

Serial No.

Star
Designation

Date

HIE/I

29 OCT 1993

PA

HIE/I

7-9-88

Q

KV2/235

W
397

S. 960 Edn. 1

HISTORICAL

S. 1630
Edn. 2

PLEASE PASS
TO DC A3
WHEN PFDs
DONE

FILE HELD BY

Rmsx

PF

600,513

VOLUME 5

S. 238D Edn. 1

Vol.4 closed at serial 124a dated 30.11.44MINUTE SHEET.Reference P.F.600,513

125

1.12.44

From Camp 020 in reply to 122a

125a

126

1.12.44

To Camp 020 re name found in possession of LINDEMANS.

126a

127

1.12.44

B.I.B. note re Victor SWAENE. in reply to 112b

127a

128

1.12.44

To S.O.E. in reply to 118b.

128a

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1.12.44

To S.O.E. in reply to 65b

129a

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1.12.44

From S.H.A.E.F. enclosing certificate for LINDEMANS.

130a

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1.12.44

From Camp 020 enclosing second interim report on LINDEMANS.

131a

132

1.12.44

To Camp 020 enclosing trace summary re LINDEMANS.

132a

1.12.44.

Loose minute to Captain Corin E.I.A.S re LINDEMANS and HENDRICKX.

132b

1.12.44.

Receipt for Top Secret documents.

132c

133

2.12.44

To R.I.S. enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS.

133a

134

2.12.44

To S.H.A.E.F enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS.

134a

(1609) 23796/1381
 2,050,000 8/40 JC&SLtd
 Gp644/229
 (REGIMINT)
 CODE 5-34-0

[OVER]

135

2.12.44 To G.S.O.2 I(b) 1st Canadian Army enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS. 135a

136

2.12.44 To G.S.O.2 I(b) 2nd British Army enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS. 136a

137

2.12.44 To G.S.O.1 I(b) 21 Army Group enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS. 137a

138

2.12.44 To American Embassy enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS. 138a

139

2.12.44 To S.O.E. enclosing copy of second interim report on LINDEMANS. 139a

2.12.44 From Camp 020 re 122a. Filed 9.12.44 139b

2.12.44 From S.O.E. mentioning LINDEMANS. Filed 13.12.44 139c

140

4.12.44 To Camp 020 enclosing copy of letter re LINDEMANS. 140a

141

5.12.44 To Camp 020 enclosing summary of traces re LINDEMANS. 141a

5.12.44 Copy of cable to the field re LINDEMANS. 141b

142

5.12.44 To Q.M.8 B requesting air passage for LINDEMANS. 142a

5.12.44 From Camp 020 enclosing confessions by LINDEMANS. 142b

143

5.12.44 B.I.B. note to War Room re return of LINDEMANS. 143a

5.12.44 From Camp 020 in reply to 140a 143b

144

5.12.44 To S.O.E. re LINDEMANS. 144a

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6.12.44 To 21st Army Group enclosing confessions by LINDEMANS. 145z

6.12.44 B.I.B. note enclosing photograph. 145a

MINUTE SHEET.Reference P.F.600,513 Vol. 5

146

7.12.44

To S.O.E. re LINDEMANS.

146a

7.12.44

From Camp 020 re return of LINDEMANS TO Holland.
Filed 13.12.44

146b

147

undet

Copy of cable from the field re arrival of LINDEMANS.

147a

148

8.12.44

B.I.B. note re De WILDE known to LINDEMANS.

148a

FILE CLOSED.

FILE CLOSED.

See Volume.....6.....

Closed by.....DJH/R. B.

Date.....19.12.44.....

Vol. 5 closed at serial 148a dated
8.12.44

Identity envelope, suspect
List, Regional traces,
Black lists, etc.,
to be removed to new volume.

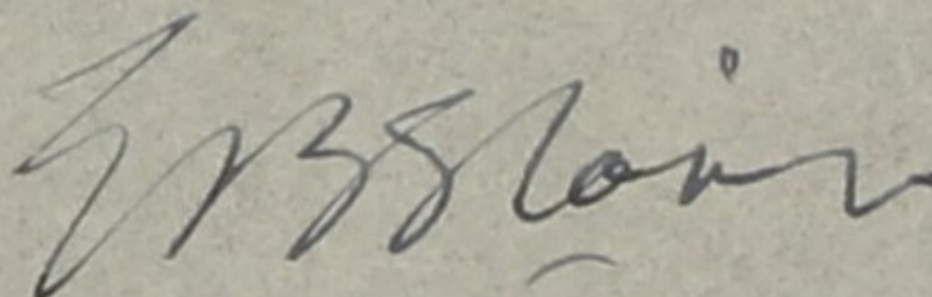
R. Form 13/B.P./4,000/11.41.

R.B.
-----Lindemann
1482

Would you be good enough to file this note in all relevant files.

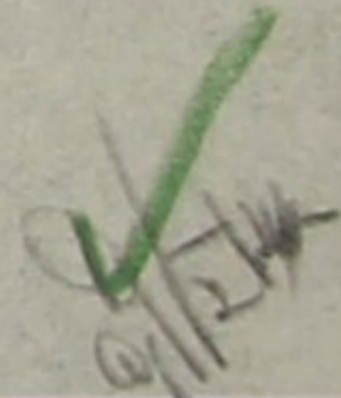
The DE WILDE known to DAMEN, VERLOOP and LINDEMANS is not identical with the Baron known to ABEN and hitherto believed to be DE WILDE. There may be two DE WILDES but the photograph of DE WILDE on the SHAEF card for that man is a photograph of the man known to ABEN as the BARON and is not a photograph of the DE WILDE known to DAMEN, VERLOOP and LINDEMANS.

Blb/EBS
8.12.44.



E.B. Stamp.

Copies in DAMEN, VERLOOP, ABEN



Copy

147a
CX

Case Officer VB7

103/149

To V B Z

From

hushmen
Your VAR 3646 of 5 Dec.

A. Subject arrived yesterday morning and was immediately sent to Holland with Dutch military escort.

B. Understand from Dutch service that plan to make public example of him will probably be agreed to by all interested parties.

C. Escort got off on afternoon plane to UK.

TOO 080816 EW

Via RSS 0831 GMT B M F.

Pa PF 600,403

29 DEC 1944

THIS IS A COPY
ORIGINAL DOCUMENT RETAINED
IN DEPARTMENT UNDER SECTION
3 (4) OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS
ACT 1958. Oct '99

SECRET

Telephone Nos.

REGENT 6050.

WHITEHALL 8789.

BOX No. 500,

PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,

LONDON, S.W.1.

December 7th. 1944.

MEMORANDUMTo: B.I.B., - Mr. H.P. MilmoLINDEMANS, C.A.

I have to advise you that LINDEMANS was this morning returned, under our own escort, to Belgium.

With the exception of the undermentioned uniform clothing, which I send herewith, all other property was returned with the body.

SANDBAG, containing:-

- 1 camouflaged airborne smock
- 1 khaki battle-dress (jacket and trousers) - shoulder flash "NEDERLAND".

Enclosed is an additional copy of this letter, which I should be glad if you would kindly sign and return to serve as receipt.

.....
Lt.-Col.

I.2/I.4:
Camp 020
DBS/MB:

Encl: Copy of letter (for signature & return)
Sandbag containing clothing (as above)

9 DEC 1944

S E C R E T

July 146a

PF. 600,513/AB1b/EBS

7th December 1944.

Dear John,

Would you be good enough to refer to your letter of 2.12.44 relating to De GRAAF. LINDEMANS was questioned regarding the message to which you refer. He states that Kaas BEVERDINK is in fact Kaas von EVERDING who is identical with De GRAAF. PF 600,512 LINDEMANS himself composed the message. He knew from [Dr. German] that all the dropping grounds in Holland were known to the Germans and the W/T operators in Holland had been blown and were working under German control. Questioned about the message LINDEMANS was certain that RENIERS had transmitted it. He states that RENIERS promised to do so and later told LINDEMANS that he had sent it.

LINDEMANS is no longer in our hands.

Yours sincerely,

9 DEC 1944

Major J. Delaforce. S.O.E.

Major M. Johnston
EBS/JEB

R.B.

145a

Herewith the final Camp 020 report on LINDEMANS. Would you be good enough to card only those names and addresses already carded in the earlier reports and the names and addresses appearing in that part of the report which has been marked in the margin.

I attach herewith a photograph of LINDEMANS and a man and woman which was handed to me by Mr. Pinto of the Dutch Surete. Mr. Pinto told me that the woman of whom he had no particulars whatsoever was a German agent. The photograph was shown to LINDEMANS who identified it immediately as that of the woman ^{DECARDED} JOHNNY referred to in this report. Would you be good enough to file the photograph in LINDEMANS' file, and card JOHNNY on this note which should be filed accordingly.

Miss Chenhalls has a recollection of a woman called JOHNNY who appeared in another case from the Field fairly recently. I do not know whether she could be readily identified. If so I would be grateful if you could let me know.

Blb/EBS
6.12.44.

E.B. Stamp.

E.B. Stamp.

9/12/44

On His Majesty's Service

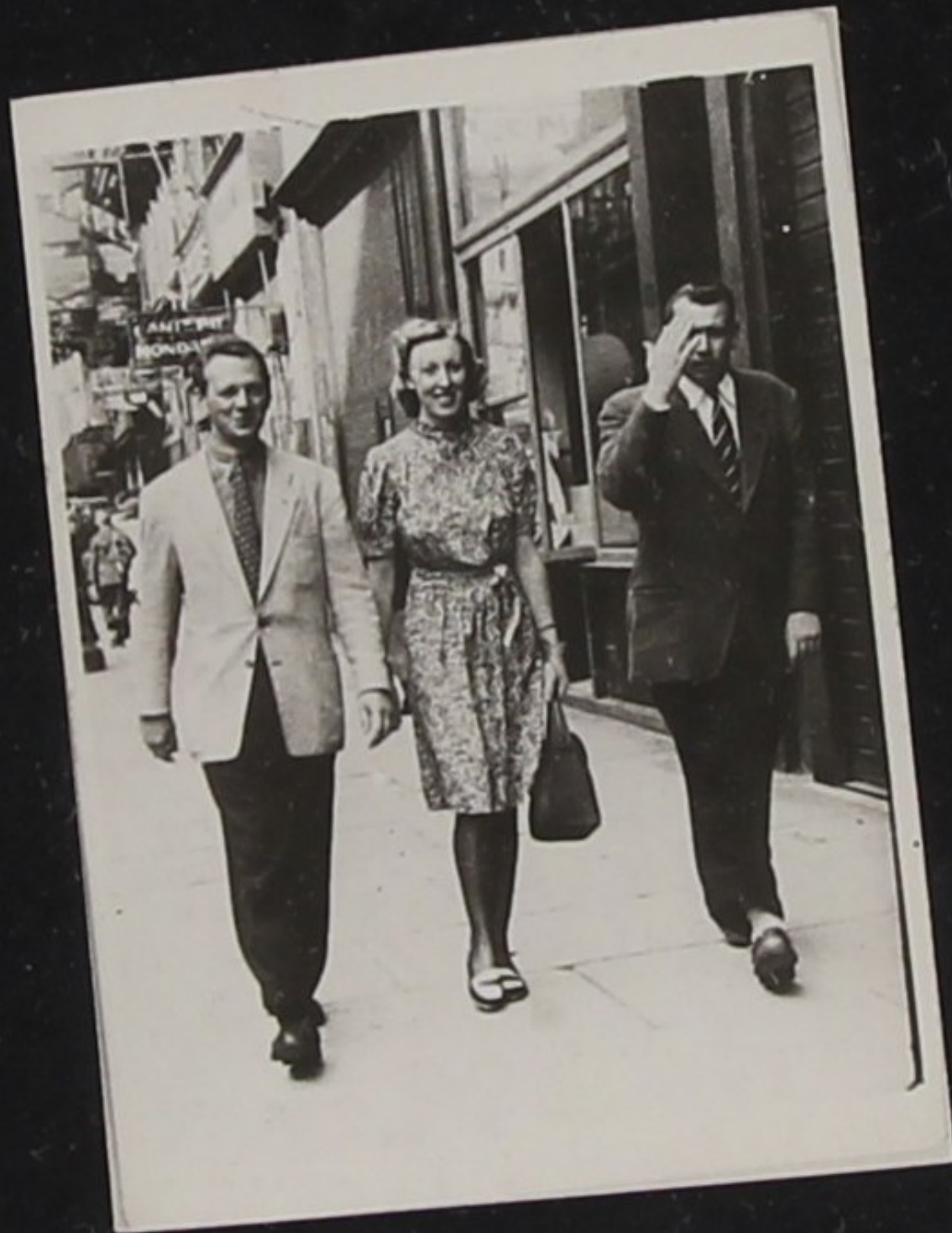
WAR ECONOMY

Open by sitting along
the flap edge.

RE-USE ENVELOPE

by sealing with Economy
Label to cover old
address and post marks.

photographs



PARB.

1453.

P.F.600,513/B.1.B/EBS.

6th December 1944.

Dear MacDermot,

I enclose herewith the originals of four confessions which were obtained from LINDEMANS at Camp 020, and which may be of value in LINDEMANS' prosecution.

Copies of these confessions form Appendix VIII of the second Interim Report in the case.

Yours sincerely,

E.B.Stamp.

Lt.Colonel N. MacDermot,
G.S.O.1 I(b),
21st Army Group Main.

6 DEC 1944

EBS/MH.

9/12/44

1744
PR
PF. 600,513/B.1.B/JC.

5th December, 1944.

Dear John,

Further to my letter to you of 29th November,
regarding the identity of ROELOFS, the photograph of LETTUCE
has been shown to LINDEMANS who stated that it was most
certainly not that of the ROELOFS known to him who was at
least ten years younger than the subject of this photograph.
I am accordingly returning your photograph herewith.

Yours sincerely,

WJ.
M. Johnstone,
Major.

Major J. Delaforce,
S.O.E.

JC/MM.

26 DEC 1944

SECRET.CAMP 020.REPORT dated.....
5. 12. 44.B.B
P.A 1436
213 87 am

643

D.D.B.LINDSEMAN'S

With reference to S.I.B. (Mr. Stamp's) memorandum of 4.12.44, enclosing letter from Major DeLaforce of 2.12.44 (JD/KV/2259), LINDSEMAN'S has been interrogated on the points raised with the following results:-

1. Kass BEVERDINK should read Kass von EVERDINGE, who is identical with DE GRAAF.
2. LINDSEMAN'S composed the message himself. As he was working for the Germans as well as the Resistance movement, he knew from Dr. GERMAN that all the dropping grounds in Holland were known to the Germans and the W/T operators (also in Holland) had been blown and were working under German control.
3. No. When questioned about this message, LINDSEMAN'S was quite certain that REENIERS had transmitted it, stating that the latter had promised to do so and told LINDSEMAN'S later that he had sent it.

I return herewith original letter forwarded under your memo of 4.12.44, and one copy as requested.

L. C. Stone.

(Major)

For Colonel Stephens.

JEC3/TC

Pa PF. 600,4103
H3a

War Room - Mr. Noble

I would be glad if you could arrange for a signal to be made to 21st Army Group informing them that the following Category A prisoner and escorts will be leaving Northolt Airport for B.56 at 09.30 hours on 7th December, 1944.

Prisoner: LINDEMANS

Escorts: Sgt. F. Beard
Cpl. G. McClune.

The escorting N.C.Os should return to the U.K. on the first available plane after handing over the prisoner, but it may not be possible for them to leave the same day on which they arrive. Would you therefore, in addition to the foregoing, ask 21st Army Group to find billets for these two N.C.Os if necessary.

M. J.

M. Johnstone.

B.1.B.
5.12.44.

6 DEC 1944

✓
7/12/44

SECRET.

CAMP 020.

fld.
1/14/26

REPORT dated..... 5th December, 1944.....

D.B.

L I N D E M A N S .

As requested by B.I.B. (Mr. Stamp) on the telephone today, I enclose herewith the originals of the four confessions by LINDEMANS, copies of which form Appendix VIII of the 2nd Interim Report in this case.

M. Dandison.
For Colonel R. Stephens.

MD.

Enc. As stated above.

9/12/44

142a

PF.600,403/B.1.B./MJ

5th December, 1944

Q.M. 8.B.

May air passages to Brussels for the following prisoner and escorts please be supplied on Thursday, 7th December or as soon after as possible.

Prisoner: LINDEMANS

Escorts: No.5954499 Sgt. Beard, F. East Surrey Regt.
No.D/36947 Cpl. McClune, G. K.O.S.B.

The above prisoner was brought to this country for interrogation purposes at the request of 21st Army Group by whom he is now urgently required.

Return passages for the escorting N.C.Os. will be required on conclusion of their duties. Application forms are attached.

M.J.

Major
for
Lt. Colonel T.A. Robertson.

7/12/44

Pa PF 600, 513 1416.

Copy

VAR/TG

22600/G/13/E

VAR/3646/TG (V.B.7 FRL)

ZZZ

5.12.44.

To: 12700/B

The Following from ZB

- A. Category A prisoner LINDEMANS leaving for B.56 by plane 930 hours December 7th escorted by Sergt. F Beard and Cpl G. McLune.
- B. The escorts should return U.K. by first available plane after handing over prisoner. If they cannot return same day please arrange billets for escorts.

V.B.7 (2 copies)

V/48

8 DEC 1944

9/12/44

SECRET.

To: Colonel Stephens.

1419
CAMP 020.

From: Mr Stamp. B.I.B.

F.F. 600,513.

Christian LINDEMANS.

I attach herewith further traces on the names found in this man's property, and the additional people denounced by him.

E. B. Stamp.

B.I.B.
5.12.44.

5 DEC 1944

Handwritten signature and initials in green ink.

P.A. R.B.

LOOK-UP SUMMARY.

SECRET.

M.I.5 Sources.

CASE:— Christian LINDEMANS.

FILE REF.: P.F.600,513.

DATE: 4th December, 1944.

NAME OR ADDRESS	SER.	B. INFORM. SECTION	B.1 REG.	CEN. REG.	L.R.C.
		<u>SHAEF traces on Intelligence Property, dated 4.11.44.</u>			
M. and Mme DEBOOSERE, 5 rue Desbonnets, Roubaix.		?? id/w DEBOOSERE of Chaussee Jules Cesar, Beauchamp, Paris, who is reported to be an influential member of R.N.P. in 1944.			
PETERS of Eindhoven.		?? id/w Bernhard PETERS, Dutchman, who lives in the building of the Landstrom, van Pallandtstraat, Arnhem. Took over the direction of police in May 1940. According to a report dated April 1942, he is a SIPO and SD agent.			
Truen SANDERS, Woenselschestr. 452, Eindhoven.		? id/w SANDERS, Dutchman, who used to live in the Hague. According to a report dated November 1943 he was a Vaandrigh in W.A. and has been seen in Eindhoven in November 1943.			
Roger MENGAL, 14 rue P. Mengal, Thuin.		?? id/w MENGELS Unteroffizier, a German, who was assistant organiser of Gruppe III and I.H. agents' network. Address: Hotel Gallia et Britannique, Brussels, in August 1942. Born 1907. Height 5'11", normal build, military appearance. With WERNER @ UNVERSAGT and ROTH, he was responsible for the post occupational agents' network. He frequently acted as courier, presumably between these agents and Brussels.			
Aldan den VOS, Provincieralenweg C 77 (2) Duizel, N.B.		? id/w Hendrikus DE VOS, Dutchman, who is suspected of being a SIPO and SD agent. Address: 77 Wijk C., Duizel. Born 19.6.90 at Deurne. Gamekeeper. Husband of Geertruida Hubertina Josephine DE VOS, nee DENISSEN, who is also suspected of being a SIPO and SD agent.			
Lieut. C HUYSCHE VAN DUGTEREN.		?? id/w M.J.A. van DUGTEREN of Nassaukade 52, The Hague. Member N.S.B. before invasion. Kring-leider in the Hague. Strongly suspected pre-invasion agent. Suspected of acting as a contact address for the Germans in May 1942.			
		All other names have been looked up with negative results.			
		<u>Traces on Internal Memorandum of 21.11.44</u>			
MARCEL.		Impossible to identify.			
FREDDY.		Impossible to identify. Presumably id/w Mr FREDDY of Hove.			
TEX.		N.T.			
HARING.		N.T.			
VERBODEN Van.		N.T.			
P/1000/0441K.		Difficult to identify.			

SECRET & PERSONAL.~~Mr. Stamp~~ 139C. ^{us}

JD/KV/2259

2nd December, 1944

O.B.

P.A.

Dear Mark,

DE GRAAFMr. Stamp
mms
6/12

One of our people in the field has informed me that he was talking recently to RENIERS the head of the A.S. at Antwerp about KING KONG, and he had mentioned that KING KONG had approached him at the beginning of May '44 with a request to send to London for the "Dutch Service" a message for Kaas BEVERDINK beginning with the code phrase, (Flemish or Dutch): "Chat dans la cuisine".

This message which was not sent said that all dropping grounds and W/T Operators were blown, and no more receptions could be arranged.

The above is not very clear, but I should be glad if you could clear up the following points by enquiring from KING KONG :-

- (1) Who was Kaas BEVERDINK. Did this refer to DE GRAAF as his first name is also Kaas?
- (2) Where did KING KONG get this message from?
- (3) Did KING KONG get the message through by any other means?

Yours sincerely,

John Delaforce

JOHN DELAFORCE, MAJOR

Major Mark Johnstone, M.I.5.

8 DEC 1944

13/12/44

SECRET.

file 1400
CAMP 020.

To: Colonel R. Stephens

From: Bbb Mr. E.B. Stamp.

I attach herewith a
letter regarding LINDEMANS which
speaks for itself.

I should be grateful for
the return of the letter together
with one copy thereof.

B1b/EBS/PT. 600,513
4.12.44.

E.B. Stamp.

5 DEC 1944

[Handwritten signature]

L.U. in R.B. & CENTRAL REGISTRY.

SECRET

SUMMARY OF TRACES.

1396.

Date : 5.12.44. Name : LINDEMANS.

Reference : 020 Report dated 2.12.44. File No. : P.F.600,513.

NAME; ADDRESS; PARTICULARS; INFORMATION	pp.	SUMMARY OF TRACES
<p>RENTERGHEM. Surname of Lt. PAUL already mentioned in Interim Report.</p>		<p>van RENTERGHEM is an alias of Rene Gustav Ferdinand Joseph DELHAYE, subject of P.F.600,274. Otherwise N.T.</p> <p>M.E.BURT. R.B. OXFORD. 5.12.44.</p>

SECRET.**CAMP 020.****REPORT dated**.....

2nd December 1944.

D.D.B.LINDEMAN

With reference to B.I.D. (Mr. Stamp's) memorandum of 29th November, ref: P.F. 600,513, the following is information now given by LINDEMAN on some of the persons mentioned, in addition to that already given in the interim reports:-

BOB:

Has dark brown hair, brushed back without parting.

RONLOP:

Broad-shouldered. Pallid complexion with pimples on forehead. Walks slowly, often with hands behind back: absent-minded air. Usually wears black suit, black tie and black felt hat, with white shirt.

WIM:

Brown hair, brushed back without parting, thinning over temples. Wears glasses with thick lenses (very short sighted). Hollow-cheeked. Front teeth large and prominent, and stained yellow through smoking. Fingers unusually long for a man, and very stained with nicotine. Loud voice. Heavy cigarette-smoker.

GREENVELD:

One wooden arm and hand (probably the right).

LECHHOEK, O JANAJE:

Age: about 28. Height: 1.65 m. Hair: brown or dark blond, brushed back with parting. Eyes: blue. Face: hollow-sunken cheeks. Teeth: bad, some missing. Hands: normally wears several rings set with brilliants. Clothes: good. Voice: speaks in nervous jerks. Peculiarities: wears a gold wrist-watch and several rings. Does not smoke.

JAN:

Age: about 24. Build: broad-shouldered. Height: 1.65 m. Hair: dark brown or black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: brown. Teeth: good, very white. Dark moustache. Voice: quiet. Peculiarities: walks quickly.

Lieutenant PAUL: Surname RENTERGHEM. Face: thin. Hands: slightly burnt by explosive. Peculiarities: twists his mouth to one side when speaking.

Marcel CARDIN: Hair: dark, curly. Face: thin. Small black moustache.

GEORGES

Build: broad-shoulders and narrow hips. Hair: dark blond or brown, rather thin in front. Glasses sometimes worn for disguise. Face: long. Had small fair moustache, but LINDEMAN was told (by Mne. GLICHY) he sometimes removed it. Clothes: usually grey; sometimes wears baret.

VICTOR:

The VICTOR who worked with GEORGES is Victor SWAENE. The man known simply as VICTOR worked in conjunction with Carlos ESPATEROS, and was only concerned with the issue of false identity documents which LINDEMAN stamped. A third VICTOR figuring in the case is Victor MARGRIET, a member of Resistance, who went

8 DEC 1944

SECRET.CAMP 020.

2

REPORT dated.....

-2-

with LINDEMANS to Lille in September 1944, and lives at Battel near Halinon.

Additional descriptive points relating to Victor SEASNE are as follows:- Hands: wears a gold ring with a dark bluish-grey stone engraved with a crown over three swans. Clothes: very well dressed. Voice: well-educated. Peculiarities: when smoking, removes the cigarette from his mouth with a slow sideways sweep with the whole hand, fingers straight. Drinks rather heavily, chiefly gin. Languages: speaks incorrect French.

Lee Jones

For Colonel Stephens

JECO/vb

file 1392

PF. 600,513/B. 1. B/EBS.

2nd December, 1944.

Dear John,

I enclose herewith a further Camp 020 report
regarding LINDEMANS @ KING KONG for your retention.

The report contains much of the same information
as was in earlier reports but with certain additions
which are indicated by a marginal line.

Yours sincerely,

WJ

Mark Johnstone,
Major.

Major J. Delaforce,
S.O.E.

EBS/MM.

15 DEC 1944

8/12/44

SECRET.1382
DISTRIBUTION RECORD.

To..... Joseph Lynch Esq.,.....

Department..... American Embassy.....

Case..... LINDEMANS.....

Our Reference..... PF. 600,513/B.1.B/EBS.....

Herewith:

Original documents from field:

Arrest Report ☐Interrogation Report ☐Proces Verbal ☐Inventory of Property and/or Papers ☐M.I.5 Interim Report ☒M.I.5 Liquidation Report ☐Miscellaneous Reports ☐Date..... 2.12.44..... Signed..... *[Signature]*.....BOX 500,
PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,
LONDON, S.W.1.

SECRET.**DISTRIBUTION RECORD.**To..... *1370*
G.S.O. 1. I(b) 21 Army Group.

Department..... No. 1 A.P.D.C., B.L.A.

Case..... LINDEMANS.

Our Reference..... PF. 600,513/B. 1. B/EBS.

Herewith:

Original documents from field:

Arrest Report

☐

Interrogation Report

☐

Proces Verbal

☐

Inventory of Property and/or Papers

☐

M.I.5 Interim Report

☒

M.I.5 Liquidation Report

☐

Miscellaneous Reports

☐Date *2.12.44* Signed..... *3.13.87*BOX 500,
PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,
LONDON, S.W.1.

2 DEC 1944

1/12/44

SECRET.**DISTRIBUTION RECORD.**

To.....G.S.O.2...I(h)...2nd..British..Army.

Department...No.1...A.P.D.C.,...B.L.A.,.....

Case.....LINDEMANS.....

Our Reference....PF.600,513/B.1.B/EBS.....

Herewith:

Original documents from field:

Arrest Report

Interrogation Report

Proces Verbal

Inventory of Property and/or Papers

M.I.5 Interim Report

M.I.5 Liquidation Report

Miscellaneous Reports

X

Date..2.12.44.. Signed.....

BOX 500,
PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,
LONDON, S.W.1.

2 DEC 1944

7/12/44

SECRET.

7/235a

DISTRIBUTION RECORD.

To.....G.S.O.2....I(b)....1st Canadian Army

Department...No....1...A.P.D.C.,...B.L.A.....

Case.....LINDEMANS.....

Our Reference.....PF.600,513/B.1.B/EBS....

Herewith:

Original documents from field:

Arrest Report

☐

Interrogation Report

☐

Proces Verbal

☐

Inventory of Property and/or Papers

☐

M.I.5 Interim Report

☒

M.I.5 Liquidation Report

☐

Miscellaneous Reports

☐Date...2.12.44...Signed...*EB Stain*...BOX 500,
PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,
LONDON, S.W.1.

52 DEC 1944

[Handwritten signature]

SECRET.**DISTRIBUTION RECORD.**

To.....Major E.M. Furnival-Jones,.....
 Department...E.D.S. G.II (Int. Div).....
 Case.....Rear Echelon, SHAEF.
 LINDEMANS.....
 Our Reference...PF. 600, 513/B. 1. B/EBG.....

Herewith:

Original documents from field:

Arrest Report

Interrogation Report

Proces Verbal

Inventory of Property and/or Papers

M.I.5 Interim Report

M.I.5 Liquidation Report

● Miscellaneous Reports

Date...2.12.44. Signed...*[Signature]*

BOX 500,
 PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,
 LONDON, S.W.1.

2 DEC 1944

SECRET.**DISTRIBUTION RECORD.**

To.....Major Trevor Roper.....

Department.....R.I.S.....

Case.....LINDEMANS......

Our Reference.....PF. 600,513/B.1.B/EBS.....

Herewith:

Original documents from field:

Arrest Report

☐

Interrogation Report

☐

Proces Verbal

☐

Inventory of Property and/or Papers

☐

M.I.5 Interim Report

☒

M.I.5 Liquidation Report

☐

Miscellaneous Reports

☐Date 2.12.44. Signed.....BOX 500,
PARLIAMENT STREET B.O.,
LONDON, S.W.1.

2 DEC 1944

KING KONG + DAMEN

Receipt for TOP SECRET Document.

1326
~~148~~

To (Name)

woman = Johnny
in report.

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Herewith Document/Package graded TOP SECRET No.....

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(Sgd.).....

Date.....

To (Name).....

BOX 500, PARLIAMENT STREET B.O., S.W.1.

Received TOP SECRET Document/Package No. 13 - Interim report on

C.A. Lindemans
dated... December 1944

Date 1 Dec. 1944

(Sgd.).....

Rec'd
8.3.44

Capt. Corin E.l.a./S

I attach herewith a further report regarding the LINDEMANS case which contains new information some of which will be of particular interest to Major Pinto if he is still in London. Major Pinto handed me a photograph of a woman walking with LINDEMANS and HENDRICKX. LINDEMANS states that this woman is the woman referred to as JOHNNY in the report.

Blb/EBS
1.12.44

E.B. Stamp
E.B. Stamp.

*mm/Bld
8-3-48*

SECRET.

To: Colonel Stephens.

1320 CAMP 020.

From: Mr Stamp. B.I.B.

P.F. 600, 513.

Christian LINDEMANS.

I enclose herewith further
traces mentioned in reports relevant
to the case of Christian LINDEMANS.

E.B.Stamp.

B.I.B.
1.12.44.

2 DEC 1944

✓
H/12/44

P.A.R.B.

LOOK-UP SUMMARY.

SECRET.

M.I.5 Sources.

CASE:— Christian LINDEMANS.

FILE REF.: P.F.600,513.

DATE: 1st December, 1944.

NAME OR ADDRESS	SER.	B. INFORM. SECTION	B.1 REG.	CEN. REG.	L.R.C.
HENDRICKX @ JIMMY.		<p>Traces on Report by HENDRICKX, sent from Camp 020 6664968844. on 19.11.44.</p> <p>SHAFF.</p> <p>?? id/w HENDRICKX, a Belgian, who is reported to be an agent provocateur and denouncer. Address: 92 Av. des Garennes, Boitsfort, Brussels. According to information from SHAFF card, he is reported to have denounced young men whose escape to the U.K. he promised to assist. This information is dated March 1943.</p>			
TRAPPENIERS.		<p>?? id/w TRAPPENIERS, mentioned in M.S.S. of 18.7.44 when he is working as a W/T operator for Abwehr trupp 134 at Nijmegen.</p> <p>?? id/w TRAPP, W/T operator in Nijmegen, mentioned in M.S.S. of 2.6.44.</p>			
PALIUT.		N.T.			
MOS Junior.		<p>SHAFF.</p> <p>?? id/w MOSIN, J.H. - Dutch - "Gestapo" agent - 87 Hazelbroekstraat, Amsterdam, North Holland. According to information from SHAFF dated December 1943, this man is reported by the Dutch underground press to be a "Gestapo" spy.</p>			
Hotel Montana, Rue Rivoli, Paris.		<p>LEULIET and BAILLY/MOUR</p> <p>There is a Hotel Montana, rue St Benoit, Ebd. St Germain, Paris mentioned by LEULIET and BAILLY @ SANCIER.</p>			
JOUBERT Messrs.		N.T.			
ASMUS.		<p>? id/w Hauptmann ASMUSSEN @ Dr ASMUS of I.Wi, Ast Cologne. According to M.S.S., he is working in Paris from 29.4.42 to 21.1.43. Visits Brussels in April 1942.</p>			
LODDER.		<p>?? id/w LOEDWIK, post occupational agent working at Boulogne from December 1942, according to M.S.G.</p>			
ROOS, Connie.		<p>RPS/18870</p> <p>? id/w Leendert FLANTUA @ VAN DER KOLLEN @ ROOS, Cornelis, who was a Director of Youth Registration Service in Holland. This man arrived in the U.K. on 30.1.44 in an aeroplane with ABEN, whom he persuaded to come to the U.K. FLANTUA worked against the Germans in Holland and then escaped to Sweden on board ABEN's ship, travelling with Anton de WILDE @ KORT. He stayed in the house of a friend - G. AMELINK of 37 Gratamastraat, Groningen - before boarding the ship. He worked with one HENK in Holland.</p>			

B.P./1000/9.44.

2.

LOOK-UP SUMMARY.

SECRET.

132a

M.I.5 Sources.

CASE:— Christian LINDEMANS.

FILE REF.:

DATE:

NAME OR ADDRESS	SER.	B. INFORM. SECTION	B.1 REG.	CEN. REG.	L.R.C.
<u>KNIPSCHER, Henk.</u>		N.T. ?? id/w HENK @ HANS who worked with FLANTUA against the Germans in Holland. HENK is described as about 39, tall, dark greying hair, ex-Consular official, well dressed.		RPS/18870 YBox 4549.	
<u>ESPERATO.</u>		N.T. LINDEMANS referred to one ASPATEROS who is presumably identical.			
<u>WIM.</u>		Presumably identical with WILLY Van der MEER, or the other WIM mentioned by LINDEMANS.			
<u>DE KEERSMAEKER.</u>		No likely trace. ?? id/w de KEERSMAECKER, Belgian, of Ave. Leo Errera, Brussels. In July 1943, was reported as a denouncer in German pay, according to LRC sources. ?? id/w Robert de KEERSMAECKER, Belgian, lawyer, 141 ave. Brugmann, Brussels. According to L.R.C. sources, this man was a member of an Allied organisation in Belgium, which was penetrated by DE ZITTER in October 1943 and a number of members arrested. It is not certain whether De KEERSMAEKER was arrested, or not.			L.R.C.
<u>Mr FREDDIE.</u>		No likely trace.			
<u>JOHNNIE.</u> DECLARDED 9 DEC 1954		N.T.			L.R.C.
<u>BEP. alias of Elizabeth STIPS.</u>		? id/w BEP mentioned as working as courier for one Captain KING of S.A.S. On 29.9.44, on instructions from KING, BEP guided Allied evaders to safety in region South of Amersfoort to woods North of Rhine. ?? id/w BEP mentioned in M.S.S. of May 1944, who appears to be working in Stuttgart.			
<u>[DEBUS Oberstuf.]</u> Pf 601.136.		Traces on report on ALBRECHT, in connection with LINDEMANS case, copied at Camp 020 on 20.11.44. Known to SWEERTS and GARITTE as Kriminal Kommissar SS Obersturmfuhrer DEBUS. Member of Abt IV, Brussels.			
<u>Carlos ASPATEROS.</u>		Other names in this report are "no trace" or "not relevant".			
<u>Dr ZAMMER and address.</u>		Traces on Internal Memorandums of 19.11.44.			
<u>WIGGINS Peter.</u>		N.T.			
<u>MAURICE.</u>		N.T. N.T.			
		No likely trace.			

SECRET

P.A.R.B.
SUMMARY OF TRACES.

Date: 9th December, 1944. Name: LINDEMANS. (not sent to Camp 020)

Reference: Second Interim Report. File No.: P.F. 600,513.

NAME; ADDRESS; PARTICULARS; INFORMATION	pp.	SUMMARY OF TRACES
		Traces from R.B., C.Reg., Ryder Street and SHAEF.
<u>RENTERGHEM</u> , surname of Lt PAUL.		??? id/w DELHAYE, who is now at Camp 020.
<u>Dr BRUCKER</u> (Todt)		No likely trace.
<u>Marcel CARDYN</u> .		??? con/w Pierre Joseph CARDYN, Belgian, born 18.10.90, horsedealer and horticulturalist. 42 rue Joseph Wauters, Erquellines, Belgium. Feb. '40. Arrested and charged with espionage by military court at Lille, on behalf of the Germans. Information from L.R.C.
<u>Lucien DENYS</u> .		?? id/w Lucien DENIS, Belgian, Marechal de Logis, Gendarmerie, lived at La Louviere, Belgium. Aged about 43 (1942) 1m65, slim build, pale complexion, fair hair, cleanshaven. July 1942. French passports were supplied to informants' by the Cure of Heeragimont through Lucien DENIS.
<u>VICTOR</u> .		Impossible to identify.
<u>JOHNNY</u> .		N.T.
<u>Walter FURGLER</u> .		Well-known from L.R.C. sources. Traces already sent down.
<u>HENRI Piet</u> .		No likely trace.
<u>MARGRIET Victor</u> .		N.T.
<u>NAUTA</u> .		Probably identical with Jan NAUTA, well known to L.R.C.
		<u>Camp 020 Report of 2.12.44.</u>
<u>GROENEVELD</u> .		Possibly identical with the S.O.E. agent of that name. See R.B.file. This is a very query trace.
<u>GEORGES</u> .		L.R.C. confirm that this is most likely to be Georges WYSAGOTA, who is well known to them as an organiser or link in the Dutch/Belgium/Paris/Spain escape routes.
<u>VICTOR</u> .		Impossible to identify.
<u>VICTOR SWAENE</u> .		Identical with Victor SWANE, known to L.R.C. and trace already sent down.

[P.T.O.]

R.B & Central Reg Look Up.

SECRET

SUMMARY OF TRACES.

1310

Date : 3.12.44. Name : LINDEMANS @ KING KONG

Reference : 2nd Interim Report File No. : PF.600.513

NAME; ADDRESS; PARTICULARS; INFORMATION	pp.	SUMMARY OF TRACES
FRIEULE von VREDENBURGH		N.t under this spelling.
JOHNNY		N.T.
BRUCKER Dr		N.L.T.
CARDYN Marcel		N.T.
DENYS Lucien		N.T.
FURGLER Walter		N.T Already carded in LINDEMANS.
HENRI Piet		N.T.
MARGRIET Victor		N.T.
NAUTA		? Felix Ruurd NAUTA. Subject of RPS 6688 (C.R.) File attached. The above man arrived U.K. 9.4.42., but it does not state in the LINDEMANS report the date on which HARRY worked with NAUTA it just says "HARRY worked in conjunction with NAUTA in a secret Organisation in Holland", but of course if it was in May 44 (the date on which LINDEMANS met HARRY) then this ? trace is not identical.

M.E.SPENCE/R.B/3.12.44.

[P.T.O.]

S. Form 223/B.P./2000/9.44

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CAMP 020 REPORTS.

NAME.....L I N D E M A N S.....

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*6. L.R.C.

7. S.I.S.(1)

8. S.I.S.(2)

†9. R.I.S.

†10. F.B.I.

†11. ~~O.S.S.~~ SOE

12. B.1.B. Officer

13. B.1.C. Dutch

14. R.B. for cut up

15. Mr Noble

16. 27 War Room

17. 28 -21 Army Group

18. 29. 2nd Br. Army

30. 1st Cdn Army

*To see, and return to R.B. Without Y.P.

31. RB

32-35 spare

Pa PF600,403 Luideman

1302

Copy

SUPREME HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED EXPEDITIONARY FORCE
OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF, G-2

Main Headquarters

(SHAFF/CI/50X)

1 December, 1944

SUBJECT: Transfer of Agents & Suspects between UK
and Theatre.

TO: The War Office (MI.5)
Whitehall,
London, S.W.1.
(Attention: H.P. Milmo, Esq.)

Reference your PF.600,506/B.1.B./MJ of 22nd November,
1944 and your PF. 600,403/B.1.B./MJ of 22nd November, 1944,
attached are two copies of the usual certificate.

For the A C of S, G-2:

Incls: As stated.

(signed) C.A.B. Marshall, Major
for
H.G. Sheen,
Colonel, GSC,
G-2, CI

Ext. 2440.

Copies in: PF 600,506 Desmond/Seghers
PF 600,513 Lefils
Original in PF 600,482 Ivan Roy

26 DEC 1944

2/12/44

Copy**SECRET**

Supreme Headquarters
Allied Expeditionary Force

C E R T I F I C A T E

28 November, 1944

The Supreme Commander has ordered that the undermentioned persons, believed to be of the nationalities indicated, be transferred from Continental Europe to the United Kingdom for interrogation, on completion of which they are to be returned in military custody to the Theater of Operations:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Believed Nationality</u>
Yvan Roy	Belgian
Marcel SEGHERS	Belgian
Marcel DESMEDT	Belgian
C.L.A. LEFILS	Belgian
<u>C. LINDEMAN</u>	Dutch

(signed) T.J. Davis
Brigadier General, USA,
Adjutant General.

File
1292.

PF. 600,513/B.1.B/EBS.

1st December, 1944.

Dear John,

656
Christiaan LINDEMANS.

Would you be good enough to refer to your letter of 13.11.44. regarding this case. We think that in paragraph (d) of the note attached to your letter there is a confusion between SCHARRER, who was working in connection with the escape route from Holland through Paris, and Anton Bernard SCHRADER who arrived here in October, 1943. The two men were members of, or in contact with, C.S. VI, but otherwise are unconnected.

I am only pointing this out in order to avoid confusion in the future.

Yours sincerely,

M.J.

M. Johnstone,
Major.

Major J. Delaforce,
S.O.E.

EBS/MM.

2 DEC 1944

✓
7/12/44

PA. Lindemann
Copy in de Zitter 1280

PF. 600,513/B.1.B/EBS.

1st December, 1944.

Dear John,

Prosper DE ZITTER. 1186

Thank you for your letter of 27.11.44. regarding
Prosper DE ZITTER and LINDEMANS. We entirely agree with
you that Captain JACKSON is almost certainly identical with
DE ZITTER and had come to the same conclusion for the
reason which you give.

Yours sincerely,

WJF
M. Johnstone,
Major.

Major J. Delaforce,
S.O.E.

EBS/MM.

Note for DEBRAY file and folder:
Copy for LINDEMANS.

Lindeman file
 127 a

112b
~~DISCARDED~~
 Following the receipt of the yellow peril of 23.11.44. suggesting that Victor LIVANE was identical with Victor SWANE described by LINDEMANS, I rang up Camp 020 and spoke to Captain Bagge. I asked him whether LIVANE, as written in DEBRAY's note-book, could be SWANE, at the same time pointing out to Captain Bagge that I understood DEBRAY's handwriting was very bad and that there were a number of bad mis-spellings or mis-readings of names which we had received from Camp 020. Captain Bagge was insistant that the man that DEBRAY knew was known to him as LIVANE and he was reluctant to look at the note-book again. I asked him whether the notes were typed or written and he said he was not sure. I did prevail upon him to look at the note-book and he rang me back this morning and told me that the name as written certainly could be, and he thought it was, SWANE.

B. 1. B.
 1.12.44.

3 B 81 am

~~DISCARDED~~

OK
 1/12/44

SECRET.

To: Colonel Stephens.

1262
CAMP 020.

From: B.1.B, Mr. Stamp.

LINDEMANS.

LINDEMANS had in his possession the name of a certain Van HOUTEN. We are informed that this man is Prince Bernhard's Chief of Staff with the Dutch Shock Troops.

E.B. Stamp

E.B. Stamp.

PF. 600,513/B.1.B/EBS.
1.12.44.

EBS/MM.

1 DEC 1944

2/1/44

SECRET.CAMP 020.File 616
1252

REPORT dated.....1.12.44.....

D.D.B.LINDEMANS
1222

Will you please refer to B.I.B (Mr. Stamp's) memorandum of 29.11.44, with reference to characters in this case who may be identical with S.O.E. agents.

LINDEMANS was shown the photographs of LETTUCE and AGAZARIAN @ GLAZIER @ MARCEL with the attached results.

LINDEMANS was also asked to give further descriptive details of the characters mentioned in Mr. Stamp's memorandum. Major Stone telephoned Mr. Stamp about these this afternoon and will be sending a summary shortly.

The photograph of LETTUCE was returned to you today under the heading of ROY/LETTUCE.

H. Clegg

For Colonel Stephens.

MHC.

6 DEC 1944

P/1
7/12/44

125a

INTERNAL MEMORANDUM

From: Major Stone

To: Colonel Stephens

LINDEMANS

With reference to B.1.B (Mr. Stamp's) memorandum FF.600,513/ERS of 29.11.44, a photograph of the S.O.E. agent LETTUCE forwarded therewith was shown to LINDEMANS, who stated that it was most certainly not that of the ROELOF known to him, who was at least ten years younger than the subject of this photograph.

Shown a photograph of AGAZARIAN @ GLAZIER @ MARCEL, LINDEMANS failed to identify it, though he said he thought he had seen the man somewhere. MARCEL, whose surname is CARDYN, was quite a different type, with many gold teeth and a flattish, African nose.

The negative result of the showing of these photographs to LINDEMANS was telephoned to Mr. Stamp this morning.

Camp 020
1.12.44
JBGS/MVR

Lee Stone.

SECRET.

TOP SECRET

No 1.

131a

M.I.5
INTERIM INTERROGATION
REPORT
ON
THE CASE OF

Christiaan Antonius L I N D E M A N S @ KING KONG.

CAMP 020

DATE: 1st December 1944.

131¹

The report submitted herewith contains all the information formerly contained in the Camp 020 report dated 16th November 1944 together with further information which has been extracted from LINDEMANS since that date. The new information is indicated by a marginal line.

M.I.5.

*E.B. Stamp
for*

G.M. Liddell



SECRET.

TOP SECRET

CAMP 020.

1310²

REPORT dated 1st December 1944

D.D.B.

LINDEMANS

1. I confirm the telephone conversation I had with H.L.B. (Mr. Milmo) on 30.11.44.
2. In view of the importance of this case, I have issued a second Report which supersedes the first.

For convenience, new material has been marked in the margin, and Appendix VIII now contains four confessions which should be ample for prosecution purposes.

M. Dondion
For Col. R. STEPHENS.

RWS/MWR

Encl. Second Interim Report on the case of
Christiaan Antonius LINDEMANS.

13/12/44

TOP
SECRET

3

M.I.5 INTERIM INTERROGATION REPORT.

NAME: LINDEMANS.

CHRISTIAN NAMES: Christiaan Antonius.

ALIASES: Christian BRAND: (given to LINDEMANS in Holland, beginning of 1944 by ROELOFF, a nephew of Dr. van der NAGEL, Resistance Group, as name LINDEMANS was well known to Germans.) LINDEMANS was also known to German I.S. under this name.

KING KONG: Nickname given to him about 10 years ago by his rowing trainer. Latterly, LINDEMANS had used this name when sending messages to the Resistance Group.

de VRIES: Name given him by Capt. BAKER to hide the identity of both LINDEMANS and BRAND.

SPY NAME: CHRISTIAN (sometimes known as BRAND).

Date and Place of Birth: 24th October 1912. Rotterdam.

Nationality: Dutch.

Occupation: Motor mechanic (working under his brother JAN).

Date of arrival at Camp 020: 3rd November 1944.

Height: 6' 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ "

Build: Thick set and very heavy build.

Hair: Brown.

Face: Full, short straight nose.

Physical

Peculiarities:

Paralysis of left arm.
Entry and exit of bullet wound, left thorax.
4 gold teeth upper jaw.
9" scar on left thigh.
Suffers from epilepsy.

Last Permanent Address: Westzeedyk 21, Rotterdam.

Languages: Dutch. French; German (both good) English (slight)

4.

Father: Joseph Hendrik LINDEMANS, aged about 70. Ship's chandler.

Mother: Christina Anthonia, nee van UDEN, aged about 67.

Brothers: Cornelis Joseph Hendrik .. aged about 41
~~X~~ Jan Hendrik ~~X~~ .. aged about 38
 Joseph Hendrik .. aged about 36
~~X~~ Hendrik ~~X~~ .. aged about 30

Wife: "Nominal wife" Gilberte LETUPPE. French girl aged approximately 23. Met by LINDEMANS at Ronchin, near Lille - approximately October 1940. LINDEMANS states he was unable to marry this girl as his identity card was made out in the name of Christian BRAND. She was imprisoned at Fresnes by the Germans in January 1944 for working with the Resistance Group. Transferred later to Fort Romainville to be shot. Released by arrival of American Armies.

Children: Therese, aged 3.
 Christianne, aged 2 months. } Both by Gilberte LETUPPE.
 (born at Fort Romainville)

Identity Documents:

1. Identity card (false) made out in the name of Christian BRAND. Issued at Amsterdam and dated 14th May, 1941. This date is false and the card was not actually made out until the early part of 1944, when it was given to LINDEMANS by ROELOF. The address: Slaakstraat 10 is also false.
2. Membership Card of the O.M.B.R. 112 Brigade, no: 0410.
3. Belgian Driving Licence Nr: W.B. for La Salle in name of C. BRAND.
4. Membership Card of the Belgian Underground Army "Les Affranchis" Nr: 315, permitting LINDEMANS to be in possession of a machine gun and revolver.
5. Laissez-passer for BRAND issued by the Allied Army permitting LINDEMANS to proceed to Onstemaale, dated 4.10.44.
6. Pass allowing BRAND to circulate within the area of Antwerp and Lierre-Eindhoven, issued by the Allied authorities.
7. Pass for Christiaan BRAND issued by General Staff-Western European Area, allowing LINDEMANS to proceed to Eindhoven.

FOREWORD

This second Interim Report is an amplification rather than a revision of the first.

The fresh matter which is introduced has a line in the margin against it for convenient reference, both in the report and in the Appendices.

6.

R E P O R T.INTRODUCTION.

LINDEMANS, a Dutch subject, who had worked for the Resistance Group in passing genuine escapees, either across the demarcation line or to the Spanish frontier in the years 1942 and 1943, and early part of 1944, was denounced on October 26th, 1944, by a certain NELLIS @ BAKKER, as a German agent. LINDEMANS was attached at this time at the Headquarters of H.R.H. Prince BERNHARD, Chateau Wittouck, Drive de Lorraine, Bois de la Cambre, doing liaison work between the Canadian Forces and the Dutch Forces of the Interior. LINDEMANS was arrested on the afternoon of October 28th, 1944, without displaying any violence, and after five days in prison at St. Gilles, Brussels, was flown to this country on November 2nd, 1944. He was transferred to Camp 020 on 3rd November and interrogation here has produced the following story.

PRISONERS' ANTECEDENTS.

Christiaan Antonius LINDEMANS was born in Rotterdam on 24th October, 1912, the fourth son of Joseph Hendrik LINDEMANS and Christina Antonia (nee van UDEN).

(Note: Their youngest son, Hendrik, was imprisoned by the Germans in the Scheveningen Gaol in approximately December, 1943, for helping people to escape. He is thought to be still in prison.)

1917-1924.

Attended Lagire School, Rotterdam.

1924-1926.

Attended H.B.S., a Commercial School in Rotterdam.

1926-1929.

At the Ambachts School, a technical engineering school, Rotterdam.

1929-1940.

On leaving school, LINDEMANS was a qualified motor engineer and he got employment with his brother JAN at a garage at Zalmhaven 17, Rotterdam, owned by his father. The family lived over this garage. In approximately 1934, the family moved to Westreeedyk 21, and LINDEMANS Senior bought another garage called "The Lindo Garage", Baan 88, and the business was now transferred from the Zalmhaven address. LINDEMANS continued to work at this garage for the next six years or so, issuing petrol, doing running repairs and in many cases testing cars out. This garage had approximately 18 cars and in addition his father owned some six other small garages in the vicinity. His wages were 10 Florins a week, but he lived at home for nothing.

LINDEMANS was not called up for military service in 1922, as in Holland only one son in each family has to serve.

In the summer of 1936, LINDEMANS was very badly hurt

* This NELLIS has since been established as VERLOOP, now at Camp 020.

when testing out a high powered "Brooks" motor cycle, sustaining a cracked skull and severe injuries to his left arm and leg. He spent some seven or eight months in hospital at Rotterdam and after a brief return home was transferred to the special hospital of the University of Leyden for the next year or so.

(Note: LINDEMANS is still suffering from this head injury; he is liable to blackouts and his memory is very bad. He has been under medical treatment at this camp since arrival, his dates therefore are not too reliable, but every endeavour has been made to get the approximate dates right.)

At the beginning of 1938, LINDEMANS returned to his work at the garage, and continued in this employment until the invasion of Holland in May, 1940.

May 10th, 1940.

The "Lindo" Garage was completely destroyed in the aerial bombardment of Rotterdam and for the next three months or so, LINDEMANS remained at home without any work.

August, 1940.

In August, 1940, LINDEMANS met a certain VERMAAT from Hellevoetsluys, whom he had known before the war, as he had bought petrol from his garage. This man told LINDEMANS that he was now working for the Luftwaffe, carrying stores and petrol in France by lorry, and offered LINDEMANS a job as driver. LINDEMANS accepted this job and was employed on the Lille-Paris route carrying petrol for the Luftwaffe.

Whilst working at this job, LINDEMANS stayed with some people called VERMEULEN, then in the Boulevard de Liberte, Lille. The mother had been previously married to a Mons. LETUPPE, from which union there was one daughter Gilbert LETUPPE (later to become LINDEMANS' "wife"). GILBERTE's mother married again a Mons. VERMEULEN, and she now called herself Mme. LETUPPE-VERMEULEN. There were three children by this second marriage, Jacqueline (aged about 14), Mimi (aged about 12) and Paul (approximately 10). GILBERTE at this time was working for the French Red Cross, driving an ambulance, and in collusion with her step-father, was able to smuggle a certain number of people across the first demarcation line at Peronne (Somme) in her ambulance. LINDEMANS states that he also helped various people, even at this early stage, by smuggling them to Paris in his lorry.

March, 1941.

During his sojourn at Lille, LINDEMANS met many Frenchmen with anti-German and communistic views and a large number of Poles. One of these latter, called Stanislas SOBOVV, whom he met at a cafe in the Place de Riscebe, Lille, introduced LINDEMANS to another Pole, who asked LINDEMANS whether it was not possible for him to procure workmen's cards and laissez-passeurs to enable workers to return to Holland. This, however, LINDEMANS was unable to do. LINDEMANS apparently decided to throw in his lot with these Resistance workers and in March, 1941, he gave up his job of lorry driving. For the next three months or so he stayed with the VERMEULENs and earned no money.

June, 1941.

LINDEMANS now met a certain KNYFF, a Dutch contractor, whose firm was working for the Luftwaffe on an airfield between Vendeville and Seclin (five miles South of Lille). KNYFF's firm consisting of himself, SCHMIDTMEYER (a German) and a Dutchman called Van der AA was also carrying out extensions on another airfield at Montescourt (approximately seven miles South of St. Quentin).

KNYFF offered LINDEMANS a job at this aerodrome as caretaker to a requisitioned school, at which the workers on the airfield were billeted. LINDEMANS was responsible for the general cleanliness of the building and the purchase of food from the farmers in the immediate neighbourhood.

During this time, LINDEMANS states that he acted as a passeur to many persons on their way to cross over the demarcation line. He helped them as far as Ham (six miles S.W. St. Quentin), at which place they were picked up by another passeur. He states that many people trusted him and that many of them came from his brother HENDRIK in Rotterdam. He was assisted sometimes in this work by a Mons, LACOCHE, who kept a shoe shop in St. Quentin.

December, 1941.

In about December, 1941, LINDEMANS was arrested by the Feldgendarmerie, on the instigation of SCHMITZ. The latter had suspected for some time that LINDEMANS had been helping refugees to escape and had reported him to the Feldgendarmerie. LINDEMANS was now imprisoned for about a fortnight, during which time he was continually interrogated, but nothing could be proved against him, and he was released early in January, 1942.

Whilst LINDEMANS was working at Montescourt, the VERMEULEN's house in the Boulevard de Liberte at Lille was suddenly requisitioned by the Germans. Many illegal arms were hidden in this house, and all the inhabitants of the house had to dispose of them quickly before the Germans took possession. The arms were all packed in a large trunk and dropped down a well, so that when the Germans took over, they only found various Allied flags and a Polish dagger, belonging to Stanislas SOBOV, then living in the house. This latter man was arrested, but after interrogation, as nothing could be proved against him, was released. The family now moved to 94 bis Avenue Jean Jaures, Ronchin, near Lille.

January, 1942.

On his release by the Feldgendarmerie, LINDEMANS returned to the VERMEULEN's at Ronchin, and stayed here for the next few months without doing any real work.

Beginning May,
1942.

At about the beginning of May, 1942, LINDEMANS started to work with a certain van PUTTEN. They specialised in getting Jews out of Holland and smuggling them into Belgium. Van PUTTEN lived in Rotterdam, and it was he who introduced the various refugees to LINDEMANS. LINDEMANS would then take them across the frontier at either Esschen (S. of Roosendaal) or at Poppel (S.E. of Breda), and then accompany them to Brussels. The parties usually went on bicycle to within 20 kilometres of the frontier and from then onwards by foot, until they had crossed the border, when they took the train to Brussels.

September, 1942.

LINDEMANS states that during this time he was very hard up, as he very seldom received any money from the refugees he helped to smuggle into Belgium. Finally in about September, 1942, he discovered that van PUTTEN had been cheating him and had been receiving jewellery, clothes, and other valuables from the refugees, which he subsequently sold, keeping all the proceeds for himself, without dividing the spoil with LINDEMANS. He therefore quarrelled with van PUTTEN and demanded his share of the profits. Van PUTTEN tried to pacify him, telling him to return to Ronchin, where van PUTTEN would bring him his money. LINDEMANS never saw van PUTTEN again.

After this episode, LINDEMANS started an escape

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9

organisation of his own. This time he worked from Abbeville and in conjunction with a man named BOUQUET. He was also helped by four Dutchmen called ZON, WIM, HARRY and a fourth whose name he cannot remember. There was also a doctor in Abbeville in this organisation (name unknown) and another man who always brought the false identity papers for the refugees.

November, 1942.

In November, 1942, the Germans occupied the remainder of France, but LINDEMANS continued with his organisation until arrested by the Germans in December, 1942.

December, 1942.

LINDEMANS believes that he was denounced by a woman called "COLETTE", as the Germans had information which LINDEMANS knew only COLETTE could have told them. This woman lived in Paris, but frequently came to Abbeville. LINDEMANS was the only one of the organisation to be arrested. BOUQUET and the doctor were not suspected by the Germans, ZON escaped to St. Quentin and WIM and HARRY to Paris.

LINDEMANS was imprisoned by the Germans for some five months in the Civil Prison, Abbeville.

End April, 1943.

On his release at approximately the end of April, 1943, LINDEMANS went to Cherbourg, where he was employed by a Dutch firm called LEYDENS, working for the Organisation TODT. His job was to collect men for this firm from Holland and take them to Cherbourg. The usual route was via Paris.

LINDEMANS was now also working for an escape organisation at Rotterdam run by a certain GROENWELD, his (LINDEMANS's) brother HENDRIK, with the assistance of a Dr. van der NAGEL, and one other man, LINDEMANS cannot remember the name.

On the workmen being assembled at Rotterdam for transfer to Cherbourg, LINDEMANS used to mix in genuine escapees with each party. False papers for crossing the Dutch frontier were supplied by LINDEMANS. Travelling with them he passed these escapees from Holland into Belgium and from there to Paris. At the head of the Paris Branch of the organisation was a Victor SWAENE, working with a woman called OKKY, a Baron de BOETSELAER who later succeeded Victor SWAENE. CLICHY (living in the rue Clichy), a French aviator named HENRI, and his wife called YVONNE or SIMONE, a certain LINDBANK and another called Albert STARLING.

19 APR 1950

LINDEMANS conducted each party from Rotterdam to Paris, where he took them to the house of Maurice de VOS in the rue de Ponthieu 61 (?), off the Champs Elysees. From there they were taken to another house called Hotel de Famille, Avenue des Ternes. The party then proceeded to Bordeaux, where they were put up at the Hotel Mon (?), near the Gare St. Jean. Here they awaited the arrival of Mme. "CLICHY", who took them on by car via Mont de Marsan to Peyrehorade. The next part of the journey as far as Hendaye on the Spanish frontier was usually done by taxi, the actual crossing taking place on foot under cover of darkness.

In approximately September, 1943, LINDEMANS moved from Cherbourg to Paris and here lived with his "wife" Gilberte LETURPE at the Hotel Berne, Boulevard de la Saussaie.

In Appendix VI will be found a list of the names that LINDEMANS has given of the people whom he helped to escape, the route they followed, and the names of the persons assisting.

End December, 1943.

Towards the end of 1943, GOETHEVELD was arrested by the Germans in Rotterdam and with him a certain police officer (Marchosees) working in the prison at The Hague. This latter man had often contacted LINDEMANS' brother HENDRIK by telephone, asking him to pick up certain escapees. After his capture, the Germans forced him to put through a similar call, telling HENDRIK to come to The Hague to collect some British escapees. On his arrival HENDRIK was arrested. Dr. van der NAGEL was not arrested, as he had not done any active work, but had simply allowed the organisation the use of his house.

Victor SWAENE was also arrested at about this time. According to LINDEMANS, his arrest was largely his own fault, as LINDEMANS states that SWAENE when under the influence of liquor talked too much. Victor SWAENE was arrested at his H.Q., Hotel Montholon, Boulevard Montholon, and on being interrogated is reported to have denounced other members of the organisation. Included in the arrests made by the Germans was LINDEMANS' "wife", Gilberte LETUPPE. LINDEMANS at the time of the arrest was at Bordeaux, on returning to Paris, and on going to the Hotel Montholon was warned to get clear quickly, as the Germans had already arrested his "wife" and others of the organisation.

March, 1944

After these arrests, LINDEMANS continued to work for the escape organisation, but on a much reduced scale. He returned first of all to Rotterdam and lay quiet for a month or so living with the family of his brother's wife, named BRAND. He continued making out false identity papers and in March, 1944, went back to Paris, staying with a Belgian or Dutch woman, Mme. FRIEULE von VREDENBURGH, at rue de l'Universite (3 or 5). He continued with his false papers, chiefly making out special leave passes for Frenchmen, to prevent their being deported to Germany. The cards were supplied to LINDEMANS by a man named SMIT, who had been introduced to LINDEMANS by Max GOUDRIAAN of Overschie, near Rotterdam.

SMIT was the head of a Communist organisation in Paris and owned a printing press. LINDEMANS does not think he was the proprietor of the Bally Shoe Shop. LINDEMANS forged the cards and the signature of the usual issuing officer DURSLEIN, but the person who was to use the card was left to fill in his own name.

After about a week, LINDEMANS left for Brussels. He still had no paid job and lived on 5,000 francs lent to him by Freule von VREDENBURGH. The purpose of this visit was to contact more Resistance people and to try and discover a new escape route. If possible, LINDEMANS wanted to cut away from Baron de BOETSSELAER. This man, who had succeeded Victor SWAENE as head of the Paris organisation, was financed by the Philips Works, but he was in the habit of spending far too much money and LINDEMANS did not consider him to be a suitable leader. His place as head was finally taken by a woman named Misbeth BOON, whom LINDEMANS had previously met in Rotterdam.

ORIGINAL ACCOUNT OF HIMSELF GIVEN BY PRISONER.

It is not known what account LINDEMANS gave of his activities on being recruited by the Allied authorities in September, 1944. At the time of his denouncement (October 26th, 1944), he was attached to the Headquarters of H.R.H. Prince

BERNHARD, and was serving as a liaison agent between the Canadians and the Dutch Forces of the Interior. At his first interrogation at Camp 020, for the first hour he stoutly denied any association with the German I.S., and posed as a Dutch patriot, who had helped many people to escape.

ULTIMATE STORY TOLD UNDER INTERROGATION.

First Contact with and Recruitment by Enemy.

April, 1944.

In approximately April 1944, LINDEMANS states that quite by chance he met WIM van der MEER, with whom he had previously worked at Lille in 1942, in a cafe in the Place Rogier, Brussels. At this meeting LINDEMANS told him that he was out of work and very hard up. WIM at this time was working for a German canteen. Amongst subjects discussed were a possible entry into Black Market activities and the arrest of both LINDEMANS' "wife" and brother. WIM suggested that he might be able to arrange their release for the sum of 10,000 Florins, but on LINDEMANS stating that he could not possibly realise such a sum, WIM suggested that he might possibly be able to put him into touch with someone who might be able to help him.

LINDEMANS agreed to this last suggestion and a further rendez-vous was fixed up with WIM at a cafe near the Jardin Botanique. This time WIM was accompanied by another man (with the little finger missing on his right hand) called NELIS BAKKER. LINDEMANS states that NELIS, after provisionally threatening him, saying that he knew all about LINDEMANS' past record as an active member of the Resistance Group and as a passeur, agreed to introduce LINDEMANS to the head of the German I.S. After a further discussion, when LINDEMANS was assured that he would not be arrested, he agreed of his own free will to go and see the Head of the German I.S. In return for the release of his brother and "wife", he would give the whole of the Allied set up as regards escape routes through France, Belgium, Holland and Spain, also the names of people connected with this and with the Resistance Group.

Some two or three days afterwards at approximately 23.00 hours, LINDEMANS was picked up in a car by NELIS and a certain WILLY near the Jardin Botanique. He was taken to a large house on the road of Waterloo and was here introduced, firstly to Dr. VOGLER (LINDEMANS says that this man's Christian name is Walter) and subsequently to a [Dr. GERMAN]. The latter told him again that they knew all about his record, and that his one hope of salvation was to work for the German I.S. LINDEMANS states that after getting all his personal details, the Germans did not ask him to give them the names of the members of the Resistance Groups, on this occasion. At this meeting LINDEMANS was carrying a Soldbuch, a Passierschein, laissez-passer, several rubber stamps and a sum of approximately 50,000 Belgian francs or equivalent value in French, Spanish or Belgian money. The Soldbuch had been given to LINDEMANS by a German named Walter FUGLER at the beginning of 1944, reputed to be working in the Resistance Organisation of Victor SWAENE. This man had served on the Russian Front with the N.S.K.K. and was an expert on all sorts of German documents. He had given the Soldbuch to LINDEMANS to enable him to cross the frontier between Holland and France.

(Note. VERLOOP at an interrogation has given a somewhat different version of his first meeting with LINDEMANS, and of LINDEMANS' first interview with the German I.S. This has already been sent out.)

VERLOOP
Extracted at 766 for VERLOOP

P.F.601712

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12.

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At a second meeting in the Place de l'Industrie at which VOGLER and WILLY were present, they produced a large sheet of paper with about twenty names written down on one side and columns drawn across the page. They then told LINDEMANS that here was a list of people with whom he had been working and that he was to pick out the names ~~new~~. LINDEMANS picked out about a dozen, which included Victor SWAENE, Lisbet BOON, her fiancé WIGGINS, Agnes de BEAUFORT, Baron de BOETSELAER, VERSPLJCK, Madame "CLICHY" and GEORGES. Many of these had already been arrested.

RECORDED
5 NOV 1954

SUBSEQUENT MOVEMENTS AND ACTIVITIES GENERALLY:

P.F. 601,712
All future meetings were arranged by telephone with either Dr. GERMAN or WILLY. LINDEMANS was given four separate telephone numbers. Meetings usually took place at the office in the Place de l'Industrie or in cafes two or three times a week and were generally with WILLY and VOGLER.

At the instigation of the Germans, LINDEMANS telephoned a Mme. VERSPLJCK (also known as Mme. MYARD or "MAA"), a member of the organization in Brussels. They had a conversation about buying tobacco etc. for the Lager Vught, from which Mme. VERSPLJCK would understand that LINDEMANS was short of money. A meeting was arranged at the Cafe Sandeman, at which Mme. VERSPLJCK gave LINDEMANS some money and was observed by WIM van der MEER. She was later arrested.

RECORDED
3 DEC 1954

LINDEMANS states that the Germans did not make him telephone any of his other associates, but he kept in touch with members of the Resistance and met them in various cafes. One of these was Mme. DECKER, whom he met in a church. This woman was a friend of Mme. VERSPLJCK, and according to LINDEMANS, was arrested following Mme. VERSPLJCK's denunciation of her to the Germans.

The proprietors of the Cafe Anvers and Cafe Sandeman of Brussels were also implicated by LINDEMANS. He used to visit them when he was making contact with Mme. VERSPLJCK and he was known here as "Maurice" as his name "Christiaan" was too well-known.

At the end of April or beginning of May, LINDEMANS spent forty-eight hours in Paris with VERLOOP, who was accompanied part of the time by a certain ARNAUD. ARNAUD worked actively for the Germans in Paris and later left before the Allies entered.

The purpose of this visit was that LINDEMANS might get news of his "wife", Gilberte LETUPPE (GILOU) in which VERLOOP said he could help him; and at the same time LINDEMANS would provide VERLOOP with much useful positive information.

On the way to Paris, LINDEMANS denounced two men in the train to VERLOOP: one a Spaniard Carlos ESPATEROS and the other a Belgian named VICTOR. These men had made large quantities of false papers for those who needed them against payment. They were based in the Vilvoorde area (Brabant).

VERLOOP and ARNAUD arrested the men when they got out of the train, but ESPATEROS managed to escape. VICTOR was handed over to the Gendarmerie.

April/May
1944

*extracted from 902
for VERLOOP & ARNAUD*

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extracted for 900.

While he was in Paris, LINDEMANS arranged that (VERLOOP) should see the Baron de POETSELAER: this man had previously given LINDEMANS 15,000 francs to assist in the liberation of his (LINDEMANS') wife. He gave VERLOOP information on the Baron HEEMSTRA and Anna VREDENBURGH who had lodged him for a month some time previously) and Jan SMIT.

PF 602,024

LINDEMANS went back to Brussels with VERLOOP via Lille, where they paid a visit to VERLOOP's mistress, who lived in a small street behind the Eglise Pasteur. He states that this woman had worked with VERLOOP for the Germans. VERLOOP gives her name as Jose le GASCOGNE.

They spent a few days in Brussels, seeing a few members of the Resistance. It was at this time that LINDEMANS gave information to the Germans on LINNENBANK, TEX, ~~STAPPEL~~, FURGLER, WINCKEL and von HEKEREN.

19 APR 1944
P.F. 600,628

LINDEMANS now went by train with VERLOOP to Utrecht via Rotterdam, and Jimmy HENDRICKX got into the train. LINDEMANS had met this man before in Cherbourg, and he now insisted on telling LINDEMANS in a boastful fashion of photographs he had taken of the fortifications, that he had disposed of them, and of sundry other small anti-German activities. With VERLOOP present, LINDEMANS was unable to stop him talking, although he knew VERLOOP would record all this for future use. LINDEMANS gave HENDRICKX his mother's address, Westzeedijk no: 21, Rotterdam, at his request, so that he might make contact with him.

May 1944

P.F. 601,712

From Utrecht they proceeded in a Ford car with VOGLER, VERLOOP and WILLY to Driebergen to the house called Heidestein. There he met Dr. GERMAN who showed him a card containing about twenty five names of Resistance workers, who had been arrested in Paris or Brussels. GERMAN asked LINDEMANS whether he could identify these people as having worked with him for the Resistance, which LINDEMANS did. Amongst the names were those of HANS and DAVID.

LINDEMANS states that he received no payment from Dr. GERMAN on this occasion, but asked whether he would obtain the release of his brother and was promised that something would be done.

He then returned with WILLY and Dr. VOGLER by car to Utrecht, whence he states he took a train to Rotterdam to see his mother. The car was driven by a chauffeur and the return journey was made on the same day.

LINDEMANS was out walking in the centre of Rotterdam one day with a man called HARRY. This man worked for a Resistance Group, which carried out sabotage with a certain ~~WANDA~~. They met Ellie van der WERFF in the street, and thereafter HARRY took her out several times, when they went drinking in various bars and cafes, in particular the Cafe Alcazar.

Shortly after this HARRY was arrested by the S.D. A few days later LINDEMANS received a telephone call from Ellie, asking him to come at once to see her in the offices of the Devisenschütz in Parklaan, where she worked, as she might have news of HARRY. LINDEMANS went down to the office, where he found her alone. She attempted to ring up HARRY, but each time there was no reply. Suddenly a door opened and a man in plain clothes came in pointing his revolver at LINDEMANS. LINDEMANS attempted to draw his and was shot in the chest. He was then taken off to hospital in Rotterdam.

14.

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The following morning he was removed in a car by two Germans, one of whom he believes was WILLY, to the Zuidwal Hospital in the Hague. LINDEMANS states that a Dr. BADENDECK, at the instigation of the Germans, went to his brother JAN, in order to get in touch with ROELOF, a nephew of Dr. van der NAGEL. ROELOF got hold of SMIT and three other men and came to the hospital to try to rescue LINDEMANS. The attempt was a failure as LINDEMANS was in the operating theatre. As a result of this, the S.D. had LINDEMANS transferred to a prison in Scheveningen. Here he was visited by an unknown German, reported to be a Commissaire, in civilian clothes. This man told LINDEMANS that he must go on working for the German I.S. and that he was to get in touch with all his friends and fix up his escape from a hospital to which he was being sent. After two or three days, LINDEMANS was transferred to another hospital in the Hague. One of the hospital sisters here again went to see ROELOF at Rotterdam, and they then made a second rescue attempt, with BOB (a friend of LINDEMANS' at Antwerp) and LINDEMANS' brother, JAN. They arrived at the hospital armed with revolvers and got past the guards, who were Dutch, who put up no resistance, without any difficulty. The rescuers came to LINDEMANS' bedside with clothes and got him straight out to the car which they had waiting.

LINDEMANS maintains that no-one was arrested as a result of this rescue, although it took place with the full knowledge of the Germans. He believes that this escape was arranged in this way, so that he could continue his work for the Germans without arousing suspicion, whereas if he had been liberated by the Germans, everyone would have known that he was working for them. He did, in fact, tell the Germans in Brussels later that ROELOF, BOB and Jan LINDEMANS had rescued him, but says that they were arrested for a different reason - an attack on the prison at Vught.

On his escape from hospital, LINDEMANS was taken to the house (Chateau Battel) of a Monsieur ZWAAN, a rich grain merchant of Malines, whose daughter Elly, LINDEMANS had first met about the end of 1943 in a cafe near the Bourse in Brussels. He was nursed by Elly.

26 MAY 1955 Mons. ZWAAN is the local leader of the Brigade Blanche and was continually giving LINDEMANS money for his ostensible work with the Orange Movement.

LINDEMANS states that during the time he was employed by the German I.S., he continued to carry out sabotage on behalf of the Brigade Blanche. This he states can be confirmed by Commandant REINIERS of Antwerp.

On being convalescent, LINDEMANS spent the next few weeks in travelling between Malines, Brussels and Antwerp. He still, however, had regular meetings with WILLY and VOGLER, in various cafes, previously arranged by telephone. As LINDEMANS still maintained contact with various members of the Resistance Group, whom he also met in cafes, there can be but little doubt that many of his friends were arrested in this way.

It was probably shortly after this that he informed the Germans of the activities of a group of people in Malines: namely, KEERSMAKER, Elly ZWAAN, Victor MARGRIET, de CONINCK, Marcel CARDYN.

26 MAY 1955

15

WIM/HENDRICKX:June/July

On the 10th June LINDEMANS met [Jimmy HENDRICKX] at Vilvoorde. After one or two other casual meetings with him he found out that Jimmy wished to go to Paris.

P.F. 600.628

At this time he had been introduced to a girl named ~~JOHNNY~~ by WIM. JOHNNY was secretary to Dr. BRUCKER in the Todt Organization. Hearing that he wished to go to Paris, she said that she could put a car at his disposal. Jimmy HENDRICKX therefore came to live at the Hotel Royal Nord at LINDEMANS' expense. Towards the end of the month JOHNNY came to live there also.

Here they spent ten days to a fortnight in drinking and merriment, and as the promised car seemed indefinitely delayed and LINDEMANS and HENDRICKX found they were spending too much money, they decided to go by train. LINDEMANS had been expending considerable sums of money on JOHNNY who had become his mistress.

During this time HENDRICKX had met WIM several times and when under the influence of drink had spoken indiscreetly to him. On the 10th July there were in the Hotel Royal Nord LINDEMANS, HENDRICKX, JOHNNY, WIM and Marcel CARDIN, who were all having drinks with the exception of LINDEMANS. WIM told LINDEMANS with a significant nod that WILLY was coming later, whereupon LINDEMANS went out and booked a room for two at a hotel down the street who agreed to neglect the registration.

Back in the Royal Nord he urged HENDRICKX and Marcel to leave and go to this other hotel, but they took no notice. WILLY arrived in uniform with ten soldiers and arrested HENDRICKX in the bar. Marcel was not taken as they knew nothing about him.

Mia MEERSMANS:July

WIM introduced LINDEMANS to Mia MEERSMANS on the 15th July. As she seemed rather unfortunate LINDEMANS employed her at once as his secretary and she helped him make out false papers which he later supplied to Resistance Organizations in large numbers.

He only discovered about a fortnight later that she was employed by the Gestapo and had tricked him. He paid for her room at the Hotel Royal Nord which had already been paid for by the Germans without his knowledge, and she kept the money.

She employed as a courier between herself and the S.D. Headquarters a certain Akke HOLGERS, whose alias - LINDEMANS thinks - is ALBRECHT.

DECEASED
26 MAY 1955

LINDEMANS took Mia out to the night clubs and spent much money on her, some of which he had contrived to get out of Elly ZWAAN. At the end of July, when LINDEMANS realized that Mia was in reality working against him, he threatened her and she then disappeared. It was heard later that she had gone to Lake Constance.

41 Rue Vilain XIV:July/August

LINDEMANS was introduced to Akke HOLGERS by Mia MEERSMAN in the Hotel Royal Nord, Brussels on the 30th July 1944. She was a German actress whose contract had expired, but not wishing to return to Germany, she found herself obliged, owing to lack of money, to work for the S.D. as a courier for Mia MEERSMANS, working under the orders of ~~Sturmabführer DEBUS~~ an important person in the S.D. in Brussels.

P.F. 601.136.

16

Shortly after her meeting with LINDEMANS she received a letter from the S.D. informing her that if she did not obtain details of the people working with LINDEMANS for Mia WEERSMANS, she would find herself in serious trouble. Accordingly she visited the S.D. where she was interviewed by (Sturmabführer DEBUS) Pf 601.136.

She told LINDEMANS about this, and about eight days after her first meeting with him, he established her in an apartment at 41 rue Vilain XIV, from which time she ceased to work for the S.D.

Sept:

A little after the liberation, a certain HENRI, a German, came to stay in the apartment on instructions from LINDEMANS. This man had formerly taken him to a cafe of a member of the resistance movement called GEORGES: the Cafe Bruges, rue Zerozo, Brussels. HENRI had once procured him a revolver.

Both he and Akke HOLGERS were arrested on the 23rd September and interned.

August
1944

LINDEMANS was given the task, in August 1944, of trying to trace down the whereabouts of his Chief of the Brigade Blanche, one Commandant REINIERS, and to find out from him the exact date and time when the Belgian Resistance Movement was to rise in conjunction with the Allies. For this purpose he was constantly in touch with a George ANSLAUX and a Lieutenant PAUL (both of Antwerp), but was always told they had no news of the Chief.

LINDEMANS states that on one occasion - approximately August 20th - George ANSLAUX asked him to make him (ANSLAUX) a false pass for his motor cycle to enable him to get to the Ardennes. LINDEMANS was still in possession of many false rubber stamps and provided passes for the Resistance Group. LINDEMANS gave ANSLAUX this pass, whereupon the latter asked him to accompany him to the Ardennes, as ANSLAUX did not speak German and he might be able to help him.

The Germans were very anxious to find out whether anything was due to happen in the Ardennes area and had given LINDEMANS pressing recommendations to go to Liege to find out what was going on there and in the area of Fumel.

LINDEMANS and ANSLAUX set out from Antwerp by motor cycle to go to Liege where ANSLAUX was to meet certain resistance leaders, but had a crash just outside Brussels. Though LINDEMANS was not badly hurt, he exaggerated his injuries, as he states ~~that he~~ had no intention of carrying out his mission for the Germans. ~~LINDEMANS~~ stayed in Brussels for two days and then went back to the ZWAAN's house. Here he was quickly contacted by WIM and told to return immediately to Brussels. WILLY was very angry with him for not having carried out his mission to Liege. RECORDED
3 MAY 1955

He was now ordered to return to Antwerp with WIM and to find out at all costs the whereabouts of Commandant REINIERS. Daily visits were paid to Antwerp and although they saw George ANSLAUX on many occasions, chiefly at the Cafe Tonneau, Antwerp, they got no information. Reports to the German I.S. were now made by WIM.

pp 601.712
LINDEMANS states that the last time he had contact with Dr. VOGLER and Dr. GERMAN was on September 1st, when they were preparing to leave Brussels. Their instructions to LINDEMANS were to stay put at his present address - 41 rue Vilain XIV, Brussels - until WILLY should return by re-crossing the Allied lines.

Sept 3rd, 1944:

When the Allies reached Brussels, LINDEMANS was near the Place Rogier. Most of the city was quickly captured by the Allies, but some Germans were still holding out in the Gare du Nord district. LINDEMANS states that with three police officers he attacked some German soldiers who had thrown hand grenades and machine gunned a police officer. He succeeded in killing two Germans and wounding two. LINDEMANS states this story can be corroborated at Police H.Q. rue des Croissades.

After this incident, LINDEMANS left for Antwerp to try and locate Commandant REINIERS and some other members of his Resistance Group. He had previously tried to contact them at Malines. After two or three days he was approached by Commandant REINIERS, who said that two Allied officers wished to speak to him. One was a Capt. Baker, the other was a Canadian officer. He was taken by these officers to the Hotel Century, where he remained for several days. LINDEMANS did not disclose to them that he had been working for the German I.S.

A week before the fall of Eindhoven LINDEMANS left for this town, travelling under the name of de VRIES (given him by Capt. BAKER), accompanied by Capt. BAKER, Serjeant NORMAN, Corporal JONES, a Belgian named Lucien de NESS and a French Lieutenant attached to the British Army; and a Belgian chauffeur. They went via Diest, staying here for two or three days as their lorry had broken down. The Belgian chauffeur drove off with the lorry after it had been repaired. LINDEMANS was able to repair another lorry which he found in Diest and the party now proceeded to Bourg Leopold. From here LINDEMANS and de NESS went on alone to Eindhoven.

The mission given by Capt. BAKER to LINDEMANS was to go through the lines and inform a certain DE JONG and two others, chiefs of the Dutch Resistance whose headquarters were in Eindhoven, that all were to stay quiet. He was to tell them that the Allied armies would shortly occupy the territory and that such pilots as they had in their care were not to move but were to stay hidden. Moreover, no more arms could be sent to them but they should try to find out whether the camp at Vught still held prisoners of war. The Allied landings at Nijmegen and Arnhem had not yet taken place.

LINDEMANS and de NESS were escorted for the first part of their journey by a Dutchman named de WEISS, working for the British Intelligence Service, and a patrol of fourteen British soldiers under a Major ROSS (?). De WEISS had found two Dutchmen who knew the district well and they acted as guides. The night was spent at Valkenswaard (South of Eindhoven). The next morning the four of them (LINDEMANS, de NESS and the two Dutch guides) found themselves in No Man's Land between two lines of fire. The Dutch guides became afraid and ran away. LINDEMANS and de NESS were later captured by the Germans, de NESS having been seriously wounded. LINDEMANS was told at a later date by a Belgian police officer that de NESS, although now working for the Resistance, had previously been employed by the Germans.

LINDEMANS on arrest was taken by a German soldier to a cafe, serving as a German H.Q. From here he was taken to another H.Q., where after a quick interrogation he was taken by car to a large chateau near Hertogenbosch, belonging to a man called van BEUNINGEN, which LINDEMANS states was the Army H.Q. of Brabant. Here he was again interrogated and said that he was working for the Germans. Asked why he had not got the password for the day, he stated he had forgotten it and asked to be put in touch with the Wehrmachtbefehlshaber or with WILLY or (Dr. GERMAN). He was then taken by car to Driebergen, where he was interviewed by a fat German, described by LINDEMANS as a Lieutenant, (probably Major KIESEWETTER). This officer was a sabotage expert and was interested in the outcome of sabotage plans in Brussels. (+)

(+) See Appendix VIII. Confession of 18.11.44.

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LINDEMANS admits that he gave the German officer information about the numbers of British troops and tanks he had seen, as well as the name of Captain BAKER. He stoutly denies any knowledge of the Headquarters of 21st Army Group or 2nd British Army or 1st Canadian Army. He admits the German officer offered him money.

The following day he was taken back to the region of Eindhoven in a car driven by (ARNAUD) a man working with the German I.S. at Driebergen.

extracted from 1032

His instructions were to re-cross the Allied lines and proceed to Brussels and there find out whether certain acts of sabotage had been carried out by stay behind agents, as ordered. The password was "Bonifacius". He was expected to report back in the course of a week or so.

On reaching Eindhoven, LINDEMANS states that he got into communication with the Commissaire de Police there, and gave him the message that Capt. BAKER had originally given him. He then went into hiding in a cellar for the next two or three days, and remained there until the town was liberated by the Allies.

He remained in Eindhoven for a few days with Capt. BAKER and was then sent by the latter to the H.Q. of H.R.H. Prince BERNHARD at Chateau Rubens, accompanied by an officer. Here he was interviewed by Capt. de GRAAF (whom LINDEMANS had previously helped to escape to England) and a Capt. de JONG, just recently arrived from England and serving on Prince BERNHARD's Staff.

BEPI:

September:

At about this time, a certain Jewess by name of BEPI came to see LINDEMANS and said that she had come through the lines from his brother JAN. She gave the pass-word "deux fois treize" which indicated that she was suspect, for the real password was "treize". She said that she came to ask for a supply of arms and men to help the resistance in Rotterdam. Feeling suspicious, LINDEMANS went to Capt. de GRAAF and told him about it, saying that BEPI probably came from the S.D. She was arrested and later released.

From here he was sent to Antwerp and worked with a Lieut. VERSTREPEN and a Capt. OSTIGUY. He pinpointed on a large-scale map all the military information which he knew. (This is set out in greater detail in Appendix VII). LINDEMANS thought that Lieut. VERSTREPEN was the Intelligence Officer for the First Canadian Special Forces, and that he was mainly interested in the area of Holland bounded by The Hague, Rotterdam, Breda, Antwerp, Zeeland and the sea. This information recorded was for use in future operations.

October:

In early October, a certain Serjeant GOORDEN of the Dutch forces met LINDEMANS and from that date on was with him most of the time.

LINDEMANS now spent some four weeks putting Dutchmen in pairs through the lines to collect information about the Germans and then come back again, organizing forces of Dutchmen for future operations.

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During this time LINDEMANS made two trips to Paris and two to Eindhoven. On his first journey to Paris, he escorted a certain person to the Belgian Embassy in Paris. On the way he called in to see his wife at Lille, at 94b Avenue Jean Jacques, Ronchin (near Lille), and left her some money. He also visited the Lacoche family in St. Quentin, with whom he had worked in 1941/42.

On the second trip he saw her again and upbraided her for losing some 6,000 francs. This time in Paris, he called to see a certain Maurice de VOS to get some news for BEAUFORT of her family.

The first trip to Eindhoven was to take the W/T operator of Prince BERNHARD there, but as the W/T station was not yet organized, he brought him back to the Chateau Rubens (on approximately the 15th October). Then he was sent up by H.R.H. Prince BERNHARD to talk with PETER, Chief of the Resistance Group at Eindhoven, returning the same evening. (date October 21st).

15th Oct.

21st Oct.

26th Oct.

On the 26th October, LINDEMANS was denounced as a German spy by VERLOOP, and on the 28th he was arrested at Prince BERNHARD's Headquarters. From here he was transferred to St. Gilles Prison in Brussels, and on November 2nd was flown to this country, arriving at Camp 020 on November 3rd.

1st Nov.

CONTRACT:

LINDEMANS states that at no time did he sign a contract with the German I.S.

ALIAS:

Christian	..	in the Resistance movement.
BRAND	..	to the German Intelligence Service.
Maurice	..	At the Cafe Anvers and the Cafe Sandeman, and to Mme. VERSPLJK.
KING KONG	..	This was known to the Germans although not used by them.
de VRIES	..	Allotted by Capt. BAKER in September 1944.

TRAINING:

Nil.

MISSION and ASSIGNMENTS:

March 1944

1.

LINDEMANS' chief task was:

- a) to keep in touch with members of the Resistance Group and thus disclose their whereabouts to the German Intelligence Service.
- b) To give all possible information about escape routes.

Early Aug.
1944

2.

- a) To trace the whereabouts of his chief of the Brigade Blanche, Commandant REINIERS.

- 18 -

20

Mid August
1944

3.

b) To find out from this man the exact date and time when the Belgian Resistance would rise to help the Allies.

From contact with the A.S. he was to find out:

- a) The exact date and place of the invasion of Belgium.
- b) Whether the attack was to be from the sea or by airborne troops.
- c) Whether there were any parachutists in the Liège-Fumal area.
- d) The assistance which the Resistance Groups could give the Allies.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

By telephone and by personal contact with the German I.S. By personal contact with various members of the Resistance Group.

(a) W/T:

- | | | |
|-------|--|-----|
| (i) | Call Signs | NIL |
| (ii) | Frequencies | NIL |
| (iii) | Schedules | NIL |
| (iv) | Codes and Cyphers | NIL |
| (v) | Means of indicating whether operating freely or under control. | NIL |

(b) Postal and Telegraphic: NIL

(d) Couriers: NIL

(e) Other Means: NIL

FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS:

No definite dates can be established, but it would appear payments were roughly as follows:-

First Payment: About a fortnight after LINDEMANS started working for the German I.S. (? April, 1944). Paid by WILLY in his private apartment on the third or fourth floor at the Hotel Metropole, Brussels. Receipt signed CHRISTIAN. Sum: 5,000 francs.

Second Payment: Some ten days later: 1,000 francs paid by WILLY in a cafe near the Place Rogier.

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Subsequent payments paid at erratic times seem to have been for 5,000 and 10,000 francs, and for odd sums of 500, 1,000 and 2,000 francs at a time. In all LINDEMANS appears to have received some 30/40,000 francs.

The sum of 10,000 francs mentioned above was given to LINDEMANS to buy clothes. The greater portion of this sum, however, he states he gave to the Resistance Group.

The only promise made to LINDEMANS for his work for the German I.S. was that he would be given a garage after the war. No compensation was to be paid in the event of his death.

LINDEMANS accounts for the large sums of money in his property as follows:- he sold two rings and a gold watch which had belonged to his grandfather and received the following money in exchange:-

Grandfather's watch	20,000 Belgian Francs
Ring (1)	15,000 " "
Ring (2)	7,000 " "
Borrowed from Mr. ZWAAN	30,000 " "

RECORDED

COVER STORY:

Nil.

26 MAY 1955

INDUCEMENT:

LINDEMANS states that his sole reason for joining the German I.S. was that by doing so, he thought he could obtain the release of both his brother and his wife. It has been noticeable through interrogation that his one soft spot is his love for this woman, Gilberte LETUPPE.

Investigated by:

Major Wall-Row
E/Lt. Beddard
Capt. Ruffer.

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Memo 020
 29.11.44.
 MER/TC.

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APPENDIX I.(a) Enemy Intelligence Service Contacts.

1.

Dr. GERMAN. PZ 601,712

Nationality: German. Age: about 40, looks younger. Build: large, but thin waisted. Height: 6'. Weight: about 80 kilos. Hair: fair, scanty, brushed back. Eyes: very light in colour. Complexion: brown. Nose: small, flattened. Chin: square. Teeth: good, but LINDEMANS thinks some of them were false. Clean-shaven. Hands: normal. Appearance: very military. Clothes: Seen once in uniform. He had the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. Voice: very military. Languages: Speaks English like an Englishman, French, German, and LINDEMANS believes he knows Dutch well. In what capacities employed: Head of the German I.S. in the organisation in the house on the road to Waterloo, where LINDEMANS met him, in May, 1944. Also seen three or four times afterwards.

2.

Dr. VOGLER.

Nationality: German. Age: about 50. Build: strong. Height: about 6'. Weight: 85 kilos. Hair: white, brushed back and cropped at sides, but very plentiful. Eyes: blue with brown flecks. Wears glasses for reading. Nose: normal. Chin: normal. Teeth: yellowish, smokes many cigars. Clean-shaven. Appearance: looks like a rich industrialist - in fact he told LINDEMANS that he owned a large clothes factory in Germany. Clothes: always seen in civilian clothes, although LINDEMANS had once seen him in uniform with one pip on his shoulder tab. Voice: has an Austrian accent. Languages: only German, LINDEMANS thinks. Places where seen: Seen in various cafes in Brussels in the company of WILLY and NELIS. In what capacities employed: Chief of the German I.S. in the Brussels district, LINDEMANS believes.

Detained at 76b.

3.

WILLY.

Nationality: German. Age: about 45. Build: large. Height: 1.90m. Weight: about 100 kilos. Hair: black, grey at the temples. Eyes: blue, sometimes wears glasses. Complexion: brown. Nose: rather Jewish looking. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Clean-shaven. Hands: normal. Clothes: well dressed, often wears a white mackintosh. Peculiarities: scar on the left side of his neck. Languages: German, very good Dutch. Places where seen: Brussels, where he was introduced to WILLY by NELIS. In what capacities employed: LINDEMANS believes that WILLY is Dr. GERMAN's secretary. Paid LINDEMANS his salary, etc.

4.

German Lieutenant at Driebergen.

Nationality: German. Age: 50. Build: well built, but rather large and fat. Weight: about 100 kilos. Face: large. Complexion: ruddy. Clean-shaven. Clothes: in uniform. Languages: German, and a little Dutch. Places where seen: Driebergen on one occasion in September, 1944. In what capacities employed: he had taken over the German I.S. Office there, as he told LINDEMANS that Dr. GERMAN and VOGLER had left for Germany.

5.

German Commissaire (name unknown).

Nationality: German. Age: about 33. Build: slim. Height: 1.85m. Weight: 75/80 kilos. Hair: fair, thick. Eyes: blue. Complexion: white. Nose: straight. Chin: normal. Teeth: good. Clean-shaven. Voice: soft. Seen in prison at Scheveningen June, 1944. Reported to be a Commissaire.

(b) Enemy Intelligence Service Addresses.

1. House on the road to Waterloo - Headquarters of German I.S. Brussels area.
2. German H.Q., Place de l'Universite, Brussels.
3. German H.Q. at Driebergen. LINDEMANS states there are two adjoining villas in this town called Beurestein and Heidestein, equipped with radio transmitters and receivers; reports from agents are sent here and replied to. In the event of moving from here, Dr. GERMAN had told LINDEMANS he would be at the Hotel Sterne at Elten (approximately 8 miles East of Nijmegen) on the Dutch-German border.

Camp 020.

extracted for S.F. 52/Hallad/5 for 76b

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APPENDIX II.

(a) Suspected Enemy Agents operating or in Training.

1. [ARNAUD.] extracted at 76b.

Nationality: unknown. Age: 33/35. Build: small. Height: 1.70m. Hair: fair. Complexion: white. Nose and Chin normal. Clean-shaven. Voice: rather high. Languages: French and German (both fluent). Places where seen: Brussels, Driebergen. Only met once when ARNAUD drove LINDEMANS to Eindhoven (September, 1944). Often seen in the street in Brussels. Believed to have had a room in Grand Hotel. Employed at German I.S., Driebergen.

2. LOUIS BALL (LOWRY-BALL)
3 JAN 1953

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 30. Build: medium. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: black. Face: round. Nose: aquat. Chin: normal. Teeth: very good. Clean-shaven. Appearance: Indian type. Well dressed. Voice: high pitched. Languages: Dutch, French (very good). Met by LINDEMANS in Paris, October, 1943, and in Holland, December, 1943. Understood captured by the Germans when trying to escape to Spain, and then had agreed to work for them. Admitted to LINDEMANS, in front of de GRAAF (then known to LINDEMANS as Kleas EVERDINGE) that he was working as an informer in a French aircraft factory. Later reported to have worked for an escape route under CHARRER, working in conjunction with Victor SWAENE.

3. COLETTE.

Nationality: French. Age: 22/24. Build: medium. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 60 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Nose: straight. Chin: normal. Teeth: very good. Voice: strong. Met in Paris and Abbeville, 1942. LINDEMANS states she was probably responsible for his arrest in Abbeville in December, 1942.

4. Akke HOLGENS.

Nationality: German, although she told LINDEMANS that she was Swedish. Age: 22/23. Build: small. Height: 5'6". Hair: fair. Eyes: blue, no glasses. Complexion: good. Nose: normal. Chin: normal. Teeth: one false tooth in the front. Hands: small. Clothes: well dressed. Voice: normal. Languages: French, German and a little Dutch. Places where seen: Brussels. Introduced to him by Mia MEERSMAN. She was an actress by profession. It was she who told LINDEMANS that Mia MEERSMAN worked for the Gestapo.

5. [Captain JACKSON.] extracted for 76b

No real description available. LINDEMANS was instructed by a Commandant ANSIAUX, Deputy Chief of the Resistance Group at Antwerp, to kill this man. Description given as follows: - Little finger missing on left hand. Always to be found in the Scheers district of Brussels, accompanied by a blond woman and a large dog - de BOETSELAER would point him out. Reported that a Commandant Albert CONINCK of Steenweg, Malines, now believed to be at Charleroi, can give a description of this man. Reported to have been dropped in Belgium in 1942 with British parachutist papers. Responsible for many arrests and for blowing escape routes to Spain.

6. Mia MEERSMAN.

Nationality: Belgium. Age: about 25. Build: small. Height: 5'4. Weight: 60 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: dark, no glasses. Complexion: white, at times spotty. Nose: normal. Chin: round. Teeth: good. Hands: small. Clothes: well dressed, usually dressed in black, but sometimes wore grey trousers. Voice: high pitched. Languages: English, French, Flemish. Places where seen: Hotel Royal Nord, Brussels, during July, 1944. She left Brussels in August,

26.

iv.

MIA MEERSMAN (contd.)

1944. During this time she did a certain amount of secretarial work for LINDEMANS in connection with his work for the Resistance Movement, although according to HOLGENS, she worked for the Gestapo. She was introduced to LINDEMANS by Wim van der MEER.

7.

NELIS @ BAKKER P.F 600,516 extracted at 76b.

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 31. Build: small and thin. Height: 1m70. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: chestnut, scanty. Eyes: very dark brown, sometimes wears sun glasses in the street. Complexion: white, but has burn scars. Nose: very narrow. Chin: normal. Teeth: white and good. Clean-shaven. Hands: has the little finger missing on his right hand. There are also burn scars on his hands. Clothes: well dressed, always wears grey. Languages: French (very good), English (slight), Dutch, German, a little Spanish and Norwegian. Places where seen: Brussels at the beginning of June 1944. In what capacities employed: had worked for a long time in the German I.S. in France, Holland, Belgium. Told LINDEMANS that he had also worked for the British Intelligence Service. This man is really VERLOOP and is now at Camp 020

8.

Van den BERG.

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 45. Build: small. Height: 5'6". Hair: pepper and salt in colour. Eyes: blue, wears gold rimmed glasses. Complexion: mottled, had been drinking. Nose: normal. Chin: pointed, he looks like a ferret. Clean-shaven. Places where seen: Taverne "Pol" Brussels, at the beginning of 1944. In what capacities employed: LINDEMANS was told by Baron de BOETSELAER, working in the Resistance Movement, that van den BERG was an agent working for the Germans.

9.

WIM van der MEER (or WILLY)
5 DEC 1954

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 28/30. Build: large but thin with very broad shoulders. Height: 1.95m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: fair, but scanty. Eyes: light blue, no glasses. Complexion: ruddy. Nose: normal. Chin: pointed. Teeth: one missing in right upper jaw. Clean-shaven. Hands: normal. Clothes: normal. Languages: French, but not well, German, excellent, Dutch, Flemish like a Belgian. In what capacities employed: believes he worked for the German Intelligence Service, although when LINDEMANS met him for the first time at the beginning of 1941, he used to allow him to have meals at his cafe in Brussels without paying. LINDEMANS met him again in Brussels in March, 1944, when WIM suggested that they should work on the Black Market together. Introduced LINDEMANS to VERLOOP. Worked with LINDEMANS in the German I.S. March-September, 1944.

10.

Elly van der WERFF

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 25. Build: slim. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown. Face: round. Nose: normal. Teeth: good. Hands: slim. Clothes: good. Peculiarities: very thin legs. Languages: Dutch, German. Places where seen: Rotterdam; she lived at Lumeystraat 23. In what capacities employed: Worked for the Divisenschut and also, LINDEMANS thought, the S.D. Was responsible for the arrest of HARRY by the S.D. and also of LINDEMANS, on which occasion he was wounded in the chest. LINDEMANS had known her for about 10 years.

(b) Other Espionage or Sabotage Enterprises (past, present or future)
known to Agent

NIL.

extracted for S.F. 52/16000/5 for 76b

27.

1. George ANSTADT

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 22. Build: slight. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: chestnut. Eyes: brown. Nose: straight. Teeth: good. Languages: French, Dutch. Seen by LINDELMANS at Brussels, Antwerp and Malines. Connected with Resistance Group at Antwerp, 1944.

2. +
- Baron de BOLTSLAGER

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30/35. Build: slim. Height. 1.85m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: fair, curly. Eyes: blue. Complexion. pale. Chin: small. Teeth: good. Voice: normal. Languages: French, German, Dutch, English. Seen at Brussels and Paris. Worked in escape organisation of Victor SHAEFF, Paris 1943. Later succeeded him as Chief, early 1944. Gave LINDBERGS order to kill Van den BERG.

5. + Agnes de BEAUFORT

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30. Build: slim. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 60 kilos. Hair: dark blond. Complexion: matt. Teeth: good. Hands: slim. Appearance: looks a lady. Clothes: well-dressed. Languages: French, Dutch. Seen in Paris. Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans as the wife of de BOETSSELAER.

4. + Lisbet BOON

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 27: build: slim. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: fair, thick. Complexion: pale. Nose and chin: normal. Well dressed. Languages: French, Dutch, German. Seen at Rotterdam and Brussels. Part of Victor SWAENE's escape organisation. In March 1944 succeeded de BOETSJELAER as Chief of Brussels organisation.

5. 1 + BOB

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 27. Build: Medium. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair. Black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: normal. Nose: normal; Chin: normal. Teeth: good. Clothes: good. Languages: Dutch, English, German. Seen in Paris, Rotterdam and Amsterdam. Worked with ROELOFF in the Resistance Movement. Took part in attempts to rescue LINDEMANS from hospital.

6. BOUQUET.

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 38/40. Build: slim. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: fair. Complexion: red. Teeth: bad. Appearance: that of a workman. Languages: Dutch. Seen at Lille, Rotterdam, Abbeville and Paris, 1942. Worked with LINDEMANS at Abbeville.

7. Dora BRAND

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 28. Build. fat. Height. 1.80m. Weight: 80 kilos.
Hair: black. Eyes: dark. Complexion: brown. Teeth: good. Languages: Dutch
Lives at v. d. Meijdestraat, Rotterdam. Hid LINDEMANs for a month after
arrest of Victor LINDEMANs. January 1944.

8. + Mme. CLICHY

Nationality: French. Age: 50. Build: slight. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: red. Eyes: brown. Complexion: rosy. Chin: small. Teeth: large. Voice: soft. Clothes: good. Languages: French. Met by LINDEMANS in Paris (rue Clichy,) and Bordeaux. Part of Victor SWAENE's organisation 1943.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

28

9. + De CONINCK

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 50. Build: normal. Height: 1.75m. Weight: 80 kilos. Face: Round. Teeth: good. Clothes: good. Languages: Belgian, French. Seen in Brussels and Malines. Was concerned in Black Market dealings (money changing etc.)

10. + Marcel CARDYN

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 30?. Build: thin. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: yellowish, like that of an African. Teeth: two normal, the rest in gold. Clothes: good. Languages: French, German. Seen at Battel. Was concerned in Black Market dealings. Worked with KERRSMACKER at the Arsenal at Malines. Had worked in Germany.

11. + Mme. DECKER

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 50. Build: normal. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: grey. Languages: French. Seen at Brussels. Arrested by Germans June 1944 (?) on denouncement of either Mme. VERSPLJK or LINDEMANS.

12. + DAVID.

LINDEMANS never saw this man so can give no description.

13. Lucien DENYS

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 34. Height: 1.70 m. Build: slim. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: Brown; scarce. Eyes: brown. Face: drawn. Chin: normal. Teeth: good. Hands: normal. Appearance: that of a workman. Clothes: normal. Languages: French, Dutch, German. Seen in Brussels. Antwerp, Dutch frontier. Belgian soldier working for Resistance. Accompanied LINDEMANS to Eindhoven on mission October 1944.

14. Doctor at Abbeville.

Nationality: French. Age: 45. Build: large. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: brown, getting thin. Face: round. Teeth: good. Well dressed. Seen by LINDEMANS September/December 1942. House used to help escapees.

15. Man who worked with Dr. at Abbeville.

Nationality: French. Age: 28-30. Build: thin. Height: 1.75m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown. Complexion: pink. Nose: straight. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Appearance: French-looking; always wore wind-jacket. Languages: French and German. Seen at Abbeville. Drove a lorry.

16. + Carlos ESPATERO

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 25-27. Build: medium. Height: 1.65m. Weight 65 kilos?. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. spectacles; Complexion: brownish. Chin: normal. Teeth: good. Appearance: Jewish. Clothes: normal. Languages: Spanish, French, Dutch. Seen in Holland, Belgium, Paris, Cherbourg. Worked for Resistance Movement travelling between Brussels and Paris. Specialised in "laissez-passers". Had worked with a firm at Cherbourg. (Ronselaar?).

+ FREDDY (See No. 68, p. xiii)

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

17. + Walter FURGLER.

Nationality: German. Age: 45. Build: large. Height: 1.75m. Weight: 85 kilos. Hair: fair, scanty. Eyes: brown. Face: round. Nose: small. Hands: normal. Clothes: good. Languages: ~~German~~, French, Dutch. Seen in Rotterdam and Paris. Worked for Victor SWAENE's organisation in Paris. Had served in the N.S.K.K. and was an expert on fabrication of German documents.

18. + GEORGE

Nationality: Polish. Age: 40/45. Build: slim. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: fair. Seen at Mont de Marsan, end 1943. Acted as Passeur to Victor SWAENE.

19. Max GOUDRIAAN

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 33. Build: slight. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: fair, thick. Eyes: blue. Wears glasses. Face: round. Languages: Dutch, French, Spanish, English, German. Seen at Rotterdam. Supplied false identity cards, March 1944.

20. GROENEVELD

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30/32. Build: thin. Height: 1.85m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: grey blue. Wears glasses. Has a wooden hand. Languages: English and Dutch. Seen at Rotterdam April/September, 1943. Worked on escape organisation with Dr. van der NAGEL.

21. Unknown man with GROENEVELD.

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 22/24. Build: thin. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 67 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Complexion: white. Nose: straight. Languages: Dutch. Seen at Rotterdam; worked on escape organisation.

22. + HANS

Not seen by LINDEMANS.

23. + HARRY

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 28. Build: strong. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: dark. Nose: straight. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Clean-shaven. Appearance: that of a workman. Languages: Dutch, German, French (slight) seen at Abbeville, Amsterdam and Paris. Helped LINDEMANS at Abbeville September/December 1942.

24. + Van HEKTEREN

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 34. Build: thin. Height: 1.85m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: fair. Complexion: pale. Clothes: good. Languages: Dutch. Seen at Rotterdam and Paris. Denounced to VERLOOP by LINDEMANS in Paris about May 1944.

25. + Baron HEEMSTRA

PF 602, 024

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 35/40. Build: fat. Height: 1.70m. Languages: French, Dutch. Seen in Paris end 1943. Worked under de BOETSELAER.

"Jimmy" HENDRICKX (See No. 69. P. xlii)

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

26. + Piet HENRI

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 27. Build: medium. Height: 1.70m.
Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: dark. wears spectacles. Clothes: good.
Languages: Dutch. Seen in Brussels. Member of escape organisation
for which LINDEMANS worked 1943/44.

27. HENRI (French aviator)

Nationality: French. Age: about 25. Build: slim. Height: 1.70m.
Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Complexion: white. Languages:
French, English, German. Lived at Paris, Boulevard de Soussaye 3 bis.
LINDEMANS passed people for this man, October/December 1943.

28. Wife of above ? YVONNE or SIMONE

Nationality: French. Age: 26. Build: slight. Height: 1.65m. Weight:
60 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: black. Complexion: rosy. Voice: soft.
Languages: French. Seen in Paris October/December, 1943.

29. + KEERSMAKER

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 20-21. Build: Medium. Height: 1.80m.
Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: brown(very long "swing") Eyes: brown.
Complexion: pale. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Clothes: good.
Languages: French, Dutch. Seen at Battel and Antwerp.
Worked for the Resistance Movement and in the Arsenal at Malines.
LINDEMANS stated he sold him arms.

30. Adriaan KNYFF

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 40/45. Build: large. Height: 1.85m.
Weight: 100 kilos. Hair: fair and thick. Eyes: blue. Face: round.
Complexion: ruddy. Hands: large. Languages: Dutch. Seen at Rotterdam,
Lille, St. Quentin. Contractor in making aerodromes for Luftwaffe
near Lille and St. Quentin. Employed LINDEMANS approximately
June/December, 1941.

31. LACOCHE

Nationality: French. Age: 40/45. Build: strong. Height: 1.85m.
Weight: 85 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: brown. Nose:
small. Teeth: good. Small moustache. Voice: strong. Languages: French.
Seen at St. Quentin (owner of a shoe shop) Ham and Montescourt.
Helped LINDEMANS in June/December, 1941 to pass refugees across
Demarcation Line.

32. Gilberte LETUPPE

Nationality: French. Age: 22/23. Build: slim. Height: 1.65m. Weight:
60 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Complexion: white. Nose: straight. Chin
normal. Teeth: good. Hands: long. Languages: French. Worked with LINDEMAN
Arrested in Paris end December 1943. Imprisoned at Fresnet. Released by
U.S. troops. Now lives 94 bis Avenue Jean Jaures, Ronchin, near Lille.
LINDEMANS always refers to her as his wife. Mother of his two children.

33. Mme. LETUPPE-VERMEULEN

Nationality: French. Age: 45. Build: strong. Height: 1.60m. Weight:
70 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown. Complexion: rosy. Nose: straight.
Chin: normal. One front tooth missing. Shabbily dressed, appearance of
working woman. Seen at Lille and Ronchin. Mother to Gilberte LETUPPE.
Married for second time to VERMEULEN. Adopted name LETUPPE-VERMEULEN.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

34. Cornelis Joseph Hendrik LINDEMANS

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 45. Build: strong. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 90 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Complexion: rosy. Languages: French, Spanish, English, German, Dutch. Lives at Rotterdam. Eldest brother of LINDEMANS.

35. Hendrik LINDEMANS

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 27. Build: slim. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown. Complexion: rosy. Chin & nose: normal. Hands: long. Languages: Spanish, English, French, Dutch, German. Worked in Rotterdam on escape organisation with GROENEVELD. Youngest brother of LINDEMANS. Arrested by Germans end 1943. Believed still in prison at Scheveningen.

36. Jan LINDEMANS

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 43. Build: strong. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: fair, curly. Eyes: blue. Face: round. Teeth: good. Languages: Dutch, German, English. Lives at Rodenryschlaan, Rotterdam. Works for Diwero (Dienstwederopbouw) engaged in rebuilding Rotterdam. May have been visited by DAMEN, June 1944. Second eldest brother of LINDEMANS.

37. Joseph Hendrik LINDEMANS

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 36. Build: strong. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 75/80 kilos. Hair: fair, plentiful. Eyes: brown. Face: round. Teeth: not good. Languages: Dutch, English; lives at Rotterdam. Brother of LINDEMANS

38. Dr. de LINDE

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30. Build: medium. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown. Complexion: normal. Teeth: not good. Appearance: that of a gentleman. Clothes: good. Languages: Dutch. Seen at Rotterdam, Maastricht, Leiden, Zeeland. Was a friend of LINDEMANS.

39. + LINNEBANK

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 50; Build: medium. Height: 1.75m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: grey. Complexion: white. Teeth: good. Languages: Dutch, French; seen at Rotterdam, Brussels, Paris, 1943. Worked with Resistance Group and helped Victor STAELE.

40. + Victor MARGRIET

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 30. Build: Medium. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: Fair (reddish); Eyes: blue. Face: round; Teeth: good. Clothes: those of a workman. Languages: Flemish. Seen in Brussels and Battel. A Resistance worker. September 1944 went with LINDEMANS to Lille.

41. Dr. van der NAGEL

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 40/45. Build: strong. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 90 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown. Sometimes wears glasses. Face: round. Complexion: brown. Nose: straight. Chin: normal. Teeth: good. Languages: Dutch, English, French, German. Dentist in Rotterdam. Part of escape organisation working with GROENEVELD April/December, 1943.

42. + NAUTA

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 26. Build: normal. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: fair. Face: oval. Eyes: blue. Clothes: good. Languages: Dutch; seen in Rotterdam; member of escape organisation in Holland in which Piet BAKKER and HARRY worked; LINDEMANS supplied him with papers for people wishing to avoid forced labour in Germany.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

43.

+ ~~FOXY~~
15 NOV 1944

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 26. Build: slight. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 60 kilos. Hair: fair. Languages: Dutch, English, French. Seen at Paris, 1943. Worked with Victor ~~SWAENE~~.

44.

PAUL

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 45. Build: strong. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: fair, going white. Eyes: blue. Complexion: clear. Chin: square. Appearance: soldierly. Languages: Flemish. Seen at Antwerp, Brussels, Malines, 1944. Member of Resistance Group, Antwerp. Explosive expert.

45.

Commandant REINIERS.

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 37. Build: slight. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: ginger. Eyes: blue. Complexion: red. Teeth: good. Appearance: soldierly. Languages: Dutch, French. Head of Resistance Group at Antwerp.

46.

+ ROELOF

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 22. Build: slim. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: fair, plentiful. Eyes: brown, sometimes wears glasses. Complexion: white. Nose: straight. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Languages: Dutch, German. Nephew of Dr. van der NAGEL. Assisted LINDEMANS in passing refugees from Holland to Belgium via Poppel and Eschen.

47.

Johnnie SCHMITMEYER

Nationality: German. Age: about 33. Build: slim. Height: 1.68m. Weight: 65/70 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: brown. Face: round. Teeth: good. Small moustache. Languages: Dutch, German. Seen at Rotterdam, Lille, St. Quentin. Contractor with KNYFF and van der AA, on aerodromes for Luftwaffe near Lille and St. Quentin, December, 1941. Denounced LINDEMANS to G.F.P. for suspected passing of refugees across demarcation line.

48.

+ SMIT

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30. Build: slight. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 60 kilos. Hair: fair. Complexion: rosy. Languages: Dutch. Seen in Cafe Brussels, March, 1944.

49.

Stanislas SOBOVV.

Nationality: Polish. Age: 45. Build: strong. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: blue. Face: round. Complexion: sallow. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Languages: French, Russian, Polish, German. Seen at Lille, where he lived for a while with the LETUPPE-VERMEULENS.

50.

+ Albert STARING. 19 APR 1955

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 28. Build: medium. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Face: round. Appearance: scholarly. Languages: Dutch, French. Seen at Paris September/December, 1943. Worked with Victor SWAENE and Mrs. "CLICHY" on escape routes.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

51. + Victor SWAENE

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 28/30. Build: strong. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: tanned. Nose: normal. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Small moustache. Languages: Dutch, French, German. Seen in Paris, Rotterdam, Brussels. Head of Paris organisation of escape route. Lived at Boulevard de la Soussaye 3 bis. Arrested by the Germans end December, 1943.

52. + Albert SWAENE

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 40. Build: slight. Height: 1.68m. Weight: 65/70 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: brown. Complexion: tanned. Teeth: good. Languages: Dutch. Seen in Brussels early 1944. Brother of Victor. Worked with him. Arrested by the Germans.

53. + TEX

Not seen by LINDEMANS.

54. Van der AA

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 50. Build: medium. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: pepper and salt. Complexion: rosy. Languages: Dutch, French, German. Seen at Rotterdam, Lille, St. Quentin. Contractor for Luftwaffe on aerodromes near Lille and St. Quentin. In partnership with KNYFF and SCHMITMEYER, June/December, 1941.

55. Willem van PUTTEN

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 34. Build: medium. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 80/90 kilos. Hair: fair. thick. Complexion: tanned. Nose: medium. Chin: square. Teeth: good. Clean-shaven. Hands: large. Languages: French, Dutch, German. Worked with LINDEMANS in passing Jewish refugees over Dutch/Belgian border May/September 1942. Reported to have made millions carrying out contracts later in Normandy.

56. Joop VERMAAT

Nationality: Dutch. Build: Normal. Height: 1.75m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: fair, thick. Eyes: blue. Complexion: red. Teeth: good. Contractor for Luftwaffe, carrying stores, September, 1940.

57. VEREULEN

Nationality: Belgian. Age: about 60. Build: thin. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: grey. Eyes: blue. Wears glasses. Complexion: pale. Nose: straight. Chin: square with scar. Teeth: not good. Appearance: working man. Voice: speaks loudly as he is deaf from the last war. Languages: Dutch, French, German. Step-father of Gilberte LETUPPE. Now lives at 94 bis Avenue Jean Jaures, Ronchin, Lille.

58. + Mme. VERSPLJK (also known as Mme. MYARD, also known as MAM)

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 35. Build: slim. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 60 kilos. Hair: red. Eyes: brown. Complexion: spotty. Teeth: good. Languages: French, English, Dutch, German. Seen at Brussels. Arrested by the Germans at instigation of LINDEMANS.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

~~rid.~~59. + VERSPLJK

Nationality: Dutch. No description available. No relation to above. Gave LINDEMANS 100,000 Francs for Resistance Movement. Director of a Margarine concern.

60. + VICTOR

Nationality: Dutch?. Age: 28. Build: thin. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: grey; wears spectacles. Face: long. Chin: square. Teeth: false. Clothes: good. Languages: French, Dutch, German. Seen in Brussels and Paris, between which cities he acted as a passeur. Worked with Carlos ESPATEROS. Was denounced by LINDEMANS and imprisoned in Fresnes prison.

61. Maurice de VOS

Nationality: French. Age: 37. Build: slight. Height: 1.65m. Weight: 65 kilos. Hair: black. Eyes: dark. Complexion: tanned. Languages: French, Dutch, German. Seen in Paris September/December, 1943. Worked with Victor SWAENE. House used to hide refugees.

62. + Freule Anna von VREDENBURGH

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30. Build: medium. Height: 1.75m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Face: round. Complexion: brown. Chin: square. Voice: hard. Languages: French, German, Dutch, English. Seen in Paris and Brussels. Worked with Victor SWAENE. Sheltered LINDEMANS for one month in March, 1944, after arrest of SWAENE.

63. + Peter WIGGINS

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 27. Build: medium. Height: 1.80m. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Teeth: good. Appearance: good. Clothes: good. Languages: Dutch. Seen at Rotterdam, Leiden, Brussels. Resistance worker. Fiance of Lisbet BOON.

64. WIM

Nationality: Dutch. Age: about 40. Build: thin. Weight: 75 kilos. Hair: brown, turning grey. Eyes: grey, wears glasses. Complexion: white. Chin: medium. Large teeth. Clean-shaven. Languages: French, English, Dutch, German. Seen at Abbeville where he helped LINDEMANS September/December, 1942.

65. + Carlos WINKEL

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 30. Build: large. Height: 1.70m. Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: brown, scanty. wears spectacles; Face: round. Moustache. Clothes: good. Languages: Spanish, French, Dutch. Seen in Paris, Brussels and Lille. A Resistance worker; denounced by LINDEMANS.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

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DECLARRED

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26 MAY 1955

66. + Elly ZWAAN

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 21/22. Build: strong. Height: 1.65m.
 Weight: 70 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: bluish grey. Face: round.
 Nose: small. Chin: Normal. Teeth: good. Hands: normal. Clothes:
 good. Languages: Dutch, a little French. Art student; member
 of Resistance group.

67. ZON

DECLARRED

25 MAR 1955

Nationality: Dutch. Age: 50. Build: strong. Height: 1.70m.
 Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: pepper and salt. Face: round. Nose: straight.
 Chin: round. Teeth: not good. Clean-shaven. Languages: French,
 English, Dutch, German. Worked at Abbeville with LINDEMANS as Chef
 de Bureau September/December, 1942.

68. + FREDDY

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 26. Build: thin. Height: 1.75m. Weight:
 70 kilos. Hair: brown. Eyes: brown; spectacles with thick dark frames;
 Complexion: brownish; Teeth: false. Clothes: good. Languages:
 French, Dutch. Seen in Brussels, Antwerp, Battel.
 Resistance worker whom LINDEMANS states sometimes acted as a "courier".
 Lived at Hove, near Antwerp.

69. + HENDRICKX, Josef Henri @ JIMMY P.F. 600,628

Nationality: Belgian. Age: 24. Build: Medium. Height: 1.70.
 Weight: 80 kilos. Hair: fair. Eyes: blue. Face: round. Teeth: good.
 Clothes: good. Languages: French, Dutch. Seen at Cherbourg, Brussels.
 Battel and in the train from Paris - Rotterdam.
 A Resistance worker and contact of ESPARTEROS and VICTOR.

NOTE: Many names and addresses found in diaries in LINDEMANS
 property are not connected with him. These papers in many
 cases belong to other members of the Resistance Group.

+ Denounced by LINDEMANS to the Germans.

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APPENDIX III.(a) Incriminating Documents Captured.

As far as is known - None. The only papers which would have been incriminating were those given to LINDEMANS, by the Allies, had he fallen into German hands.

(b) Incriminating Nobody.(c) Property disposed of before Capture. None known of.APPENDIX IV.Sabotage Intelligence.

NIL.

Camp 020.

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APPENDIX V.Operational Intelligence.Defences of Rotterdam.

Rotterdam is encircled by a wall approximately 7 feet high and 5 feet thick. This wall runs along the Westzeedijk, on Den Dijk, Kralinger, Hillegersberg. There are many small pillboxes in this wall used for M.G.'s and A/tk guns. An anti-tank ditch covers most of the roads leading to Rotterdam. There are many machine-gun posts hidden in the cellars of houses. Pillboxes have also been erected in the Docks area.

There are fast motor-boats kept in Yselhaven, as well as mine and torpedo magazines. Many of the approaches to Rotterdam are flooded, but these fields would be usable after two days' pumping.

There are also fire points in the woods at Kralingerhout and at Schiebroch and Overschie.

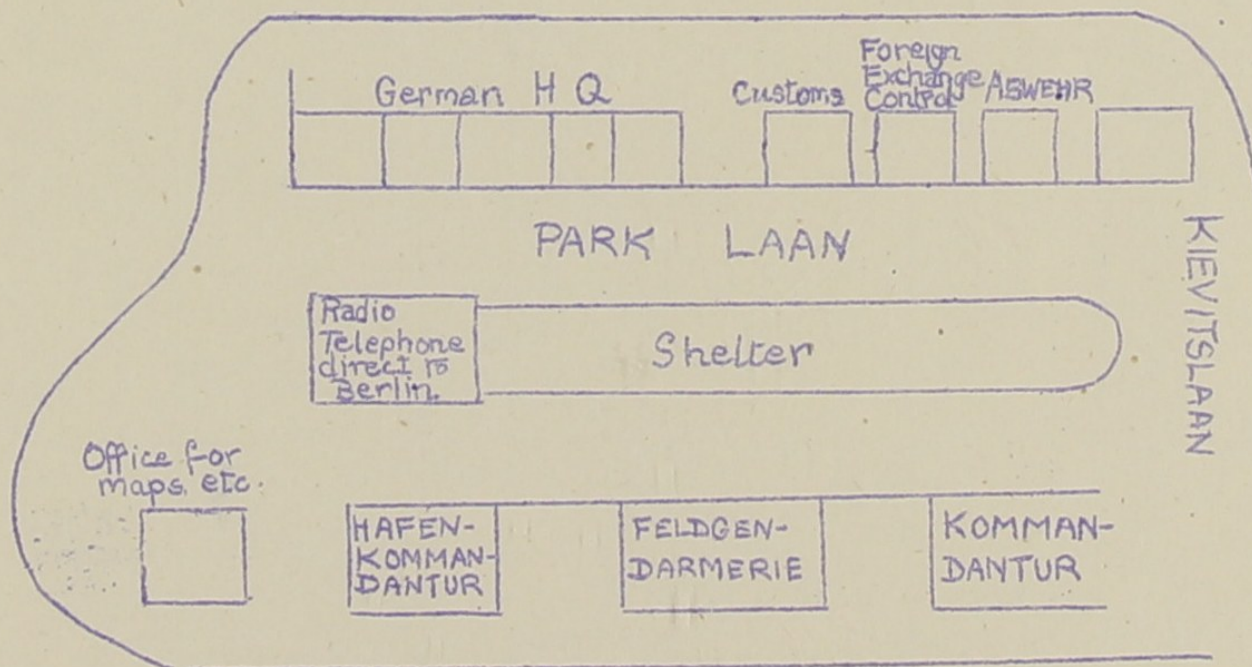
General Defences.

The Dordrecht road is not heavily guarded except by an anti-tank ditch. The bridges of Dordrecht and Zwijndrecht are both mined. Blockhouses have been built in the dykes, and mines placed on the side of the road to Dubbeldam. There are several lines of defence as well as pill-boxes hidden in the dykes near the far side of the Moerdijk Bridge; there are two strong-points and guns and everywhere is mined. There are many German troops in the neighbourhood. Both the railway bridge and the road bridge are mined.

There is a hidden post on this bridge, in which A/tk guns could easily be placed. The area of approximately 400 yards on either side of the bridge is heavily wired and mined below water. There are, however, ways round this if a suitable guide can be found.

German Headquarters at Rotterdam.

All situated in Parklaan (east of Parhaven). Here are to be found the following offices: Abwehr, Foreign Exchange Control, Customs, Command Post, Feldgendarmarie, Post Commander.



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It is possible that some of these have already left for either Zeist or Driebergen.

The Hague.

Most of the Staff at The Hague has already gone to Zeist.

Troops Seen.

Elements of S.S. Polizei Division and Adolf Hitler Divisions at Ede and Wageningen (both west of Arnhem).

V.2.

LINDEMANS has heard that new V.2. is a bomb weighing 12,000 kilos with a range of approximately 700 kilometres. He cannot remember its exact speed but thinks it is in the neighbourhood of 900 kilos an hour. WILLY told him this.

WILLY also spoke about a bomb by which everyone will be rendered unconscious; also of an atomic bomb which burns and destroys everything within a radius of 500 yards.

V.1. and V.2 sites are situated in the Marlot district of The Hague and at Duinrell, on the dunes just North of The Hague. There is also a secret installation at the point of the Rozenburg Island, called de Beer (opposite the harbour at The Hook of Holland).

Camp 020.

extracted for Ypac 3600 Supp for 766

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APPENDIX VI.List of the Names of the People that LINDELMANS helped to Escape.

<u>Name.</u>	<u>Route.</u>	<u>Working with or Under.</u>	<u>Date.</u>
Hans JANSSEN.	Hillegersberg Lille Paris.	?	1942.
KLEINKAMER.	Rotterdam Esschen Antwerp Brussels.	Van PUTTEN	1942.
DAVIDS.	Rotterdam Esschen Antwerp Lille.	do.	1942.
RAVESTEIN.	Rotterdam Esschen Brussels Lille Beauvais.	do.	1942.
Joop VERMEER.	Lille St. Quentin Ham Paris.	do.	1942.
Jack VEID.	Lille St. Quentin Ham Paris.	do.	1942.
MANHOEK.	Rotterdam Antwerp.		1942.
2 Brothers GANDERHEIDEN.	Taken to Maurice de VOS' home for Paris.		1943.
WEBER.	Rotterdam Paris Bordeaux.	Victor SWAENE.	1943.
Henkfeld JANSSEN.	Amsterdam Paris Bordeaux Peyrehorade.	Mme. "CLICHY".	1943.
LYSTER.	Rotterdam Cherbourg Paris Bordeaux.	Mme. "CLICHY".	1943.
A friend of LYSTER.	Rotterdam Cherbourg Paris Bordeaux.	Mme. "CLICHY".	1943.
LIJN.	Rotterdam Paris.	Victor SWAENE or OKKY.	1943.
DEBETS.	Rotterdam Cherbourg Paris.	Victor SWAENE.	1943.
JOCKES.	Rotterdam Cherbourg Paris.	Victor SWAENE.	1943.
The son of a lawyer.	Rotterdam Cherbourg Paris.	Victor SWAENE.	1943.
CELOSSE.	Amsterdam Paris Bordeaux Peyrehorade.	Mme. "CLICHY".	1943.
GRAAF.	Amsterdam Paris Bordeaux Peyrehorade.	Mme. "CLICHY".	1943.
Director of Gusto Ship- building Co.	Rotterdam Paris ? Spain.	Maurice de VOS.	1943.
HAVERKAMP.	Rotterdam Cherbourg Paris.	Maurice de VOS.	1943.
GEEL.	Rotterdam Paris.	Victor SWAENE.	1943.

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APPENDIX VII

LINDEMANS reported to Lt. VERSTREPEN and Capt. OSTIGUY at Rubenslei 30 (1st floor) Antwerp, in late September. He maintains this meeting took place after he contacted the Germans at Driebergen in September. Lt. VERSTREPEN called upon LINDEMANS to pinpoint all military details of which he had knowledge. These are summarised as follows:-

<u>Rotterdam:</u>	German fortifications surrounding the town.
<u>Moerdijk:</u>	Mines and charges of explosive round the dykes and bridges.
<u>Breda:</u>	Exact emplacement of an anti-tank ditch surrounding Breda.
<u>Zeeland:</u>	Fortifications round the coast. (Breykens, Dombourg, Flushing).
<u>Flushing:</u>	Minefields in the water and minefields on the coast. Sand bars outside Flushing, LINDEMANS indicated as a good place for landing as mines could not be laid there. At the back of Flushing, gun and mortar emplacements, camouflaged slit trenches that had been dug there.
<u>Breyskens:</u>)	Forts between these two towns were full of water.
<u>Dombourg:</u>)	He also described the dykes which link the islands of Walcheren and Sud Beverland to the mainland.
<u>Bergen op Zoom:</u>	He also gave information on the road from Antwerp to Bergen op Zoom, and on a certain stronghold at Merxten which barred the way and was strongly fortified.
<u>Poppel:</u>	Information on the woods at Poppel where tanks were hidden and dug in.
<u>Venlo/Tegelen:</u>	He pin-pointed munition depots and stores in the area of Venlo/Tegelen which is in Limbourg. Also fortifications along the roads leading into Germany and Germany itself.
<u>Flooding:</u>	He described in detail such parts of Holland as were flooded and such parts as could be flooded.
<u>Edewageningen:</u>	He also showed where he knew of troops of the S.S. Polizei Division situated at Edewageningen, between Utrecht and Arnhem, and next to them troops of the S.S. Adolf Hitler Division in the same locality.

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APPENDIX VIIITranslation of a Statement in Dutch signed by LINDEMANS.

extracted for 29a
 [NELIS] was my first contact in Brussels, at WIM's house between May and June 1944.

Information.

The other contacts in connection with the Amsterdam service:-

NELIS (BAKKER)

Heer WIM

WILLY

VAGLER

GERMAN

Mia MEERSMAN.

PF-601,712

2. I worked for the German Intelligence Service from June 1944 until the departure of the troops from Brussels.
3. WILLY paid me 30,000 frs. on behalf of the German Service. I signed as "CHRISTIAN".
4. I gave information about the Resistance in Belgium.
5. NELIS and WILLY promised to set free my wife in Paris and my brother in Holland.
6. At the time that Eindhoven fell, I went to Hartogenbosch and Driebergen. (I was to give a report to a German Commandantur about the areas liberated by the English troops.)
7. (ARNO) brought me back to near Eindhoven and he belonged to the Gestapo.

extracted for 29a

(Signed) C.A. LINDEMANS.

2 corrections.

8. It is possible that I gave the name of Captain BAKKER, but this may not be so.
9. If there should be cause, the Germans told me to ring up the Wehrmacht-befehlshaber and ask for GERMAN. I rang him up 30 times. I gave my information in this way.
10. I gave information about the military situation and the Resistance ...

Declaration of responsibility,

(Signed) C.A. LINDEMANS.

3rd November 1944.

1 correction.

Camp 020.

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Translation of Confession submitted by LINDEMANS on 6.11.44.

1. My first contact with the German Secret Service was in April, 1944. Willy ^{DECAWDER} ~~3~~ ^{DEC 1954} MEER told me that he would put me in touch with the Abwehr. In May, 1944, WILLY and [NELIS] took me to the Villa on the way to Waterloo.

extracted at 76b

Of my own free will I offered to give the Germans information on my activities in connection with the Resistance Movement in exchange for the release of my wife and brother. I told my whole story to [GERMAN] and VOGLER, and showed them my Soldbuch and other personal papers.

PF-601,712

2. Then, following WILLY's orders, I contacted a great many members of the Resistance Movement and in their turn the Germans were able to get into touch with these people.
3. I also gave information on several Resistance Groups, in particular those of Rotterdam and O.T.
4. In May 1944 I received a bullet wound in the chest from the Gestapo in Rotterdam, and was taken to hospital by the police. Two days later a German in civilian clothes, a "commissaire" came to tell me that I must carry on working for the Germans. He told me to get into touch with my friends through my nurses so that they could help me to escape. I obeyed these instructions.
5. In May 1944 I gave the Germans information on various Englishmen that I had passed across the Spanish frontier.

Read, confirmed and signed without pressure.

(signed) Christiaan LINDEMANS.

6th November, 1944.

Camp 020.

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~~1711.~~
Translation of Statement by LINDEMANS handed in
on 17.11.44.

Further to the two written confessions made by me on the 6th November 1944, I admit the following:

1. I went to Paris with *extracted for goe* ~~NEYLIS~~ and betrayed the following persons to the Germans: -

M. VERSPYCK

Baron de BOETSCLAIR, who had already given me 15,000 frs, to secure my wife's release from prison.

SMIT

Agnes de BEAUFORT

Van den BURGH, the woman who shielded me from the Germans for a month.

2. In the course of this journey to Paris, I succeeded in bringing about the arrest of two Allied agents, Carlos ASPATERO and VICTOR, which was effected by the German *extracted for goe* ~~ARNO~~. This latter handed them over to the Gendarmerie.

3. I showed my notebook to the Germans in Brussels. It contained the following names, with telephone numbers: -

M. LINNENBANK

Mme. VERSPYCK

The Proprietor of the Cafe Sandeman

The Proprietor of the Cafe d'Anvers.

(signed) C.A. LINDEMANS.

4. During the month of May, 1944, two attempts were made by the Resistance to get me out of the Hospital. I gave the name ROULAFF and that of BOB to the Germans.

5. Dr. GERMAN, at Driebergen, showed me a long list of members of the Resistance, 25 of whom were known to me; I gave ~~GERMAN~~ information about them.

P.F.601,712

6. It was during the summer of 1944 that Dr. GERMAN gave me instructions to penetrate the escape routes used by the English, Dutch, Belgians, Americans, and other Allies. I gave GERMAN ~~information~~ *DECARDED* about the Hendaye route.

26 MAY 1955

7. I received about 80,000 frs. from the ZWAAN family. I slept with Elly ZWAAN. On one occasion Elly ZWAAN gave me 8,000 frs. for Resistance purposes, but I spent 4,000 frs. on Mia MEERSMAN, woman Gestapo agent *DECARDED* at the Royal Nord night-club, Place Roger.

26 MAY 1955

Read, confirmed, and signed without compulsion.

(signed) C.A. LINDEMANS.

17th November, 1944.

4 crossings out. C.L.

Camp 020
 18.11.44.
 TFS/MB.

This statement was drawn up and signed in my presence.

(signed) T.E. Peddard
 (P/Lt.)

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45

Translation of Statement by LINDEMANS handed
in on 18.11.44.

At Driebergen, I gave the name of Captain BAKER to a German lieutenant. The date of this was about the 15th September 1944.

I told the Germans that I worked as Captain BAKER's chauffeur. I told them that Captain BAKER's headquarters would be Eindhoven, and that we had come from Diest. The German lieutenant and [ARNO] were present. The German lieutenant asked me if I needed any money, as I belonged to their Service.

separated at 900

I drove a black private car for Captain BAKER, but did not tell the Germans this.

The German officer was a sabotage expert. He asked me whether the Electric Power Plant had been blown up, whether the trams ran every day or whether they had been sabotaged some days ago, and whether the Plaza Hotel had been blown up. They also questioned me about the morale of the people. I replied truthfully to these questions. The Lieutenant told me to go to Eindhoven and to return to Driebergen after 2/3 days to see [Dr. GERMAN].

He told me to obtain the following information at Eindhoven:

Information with regard to the army, the strength of divisions there, tank and infantry, and their divisional signs.

Read, confirmed and signed without compulsion.

(signed) C.A. LINDEMANS.

18th November, 1944.

4 crossings out. C.L.

This statement was drawn up and signed in my presence. (Signed) T.E. Beddard
 (F/Lt.)

Camp 020
 18.11.44.
 TEB/DJT.

+ N.B. The first four sentences of this paragraph refer to Brussels.

XIV

APPENDIX 1A

46.

RESISTANCE MOVEMENTS WITH WHICH LINDEMANS WAS IN CONTACT

(The persons he has betrayed to the Germans are printed in capitals)

BELGIUMReiniers

2 i/c: Cmdt: Geluk

<u>Willebroek</u>	<u>Malines</u>	<u>Antwerp</u>	<u>Brussels</u>
Silkei	<u>Battel</u>	Pol	Jean Prez
Allar	Marcel CARDYN	Lopez	George
von Salen	KEERSMAKER	C. Ansiaux	Victor MARGRIET
	De CONINCK	B. Ansiaux	Six men at
	Geerts	R. Longue	41 rue Vilain,
	Victor MARGRIET	Madeleine	XIV.
	Elly ZWAAN	Crobet	
	70 police	FREDDY	
	400 men		

M.N.B.

<u>Brussels</u>	<u>Kapellen</u> (affranchis)	<u>Driebergen</u>
Gysens	Vilvords	Capt. BAKER
LINDENBANK	Jimmy HENDRICKX	
30 men	Carlos ESPATERO	
	VICTOR	
	30 men	

GROUPS CONNECTED WITH ESCAPE ROUTESRotterdam

Liesbet BOON
WIGGENS
NAUTA
BOB
HARRY
ROELOF
Piet HENRI

Brussels
Mrs. DECKER
Albert SWAENE
Mae VERSPOCK
HANS
DAVID
LINNENBANK

Proprietors of:-
Cafe Sandeman
Cafe Antwerp

RECORDED
Paris
JAN 1955
Victor SWAENE
[HEEMSTRA] PF 602,024
BALL
Agnes de BEAUFORT
VROEDENBURG
TEX
GEORGES
BOETSMAER
VERSPOCK
SMIT
STARTING APR 1955
W. FUGLER
C. WINKEL
V. HEMEREN
CLICHY
RECORDED
ONLY
5 NOV 1954

Camp 020
26.11.44.
MRE/MIS